

Illinois Industrial Carbon Capture & Storage Project

Eliminating CO₂ Emissions from the Production of Bio Fuels - A 'Green' Carbon Process



CIBO Technical Focus Group

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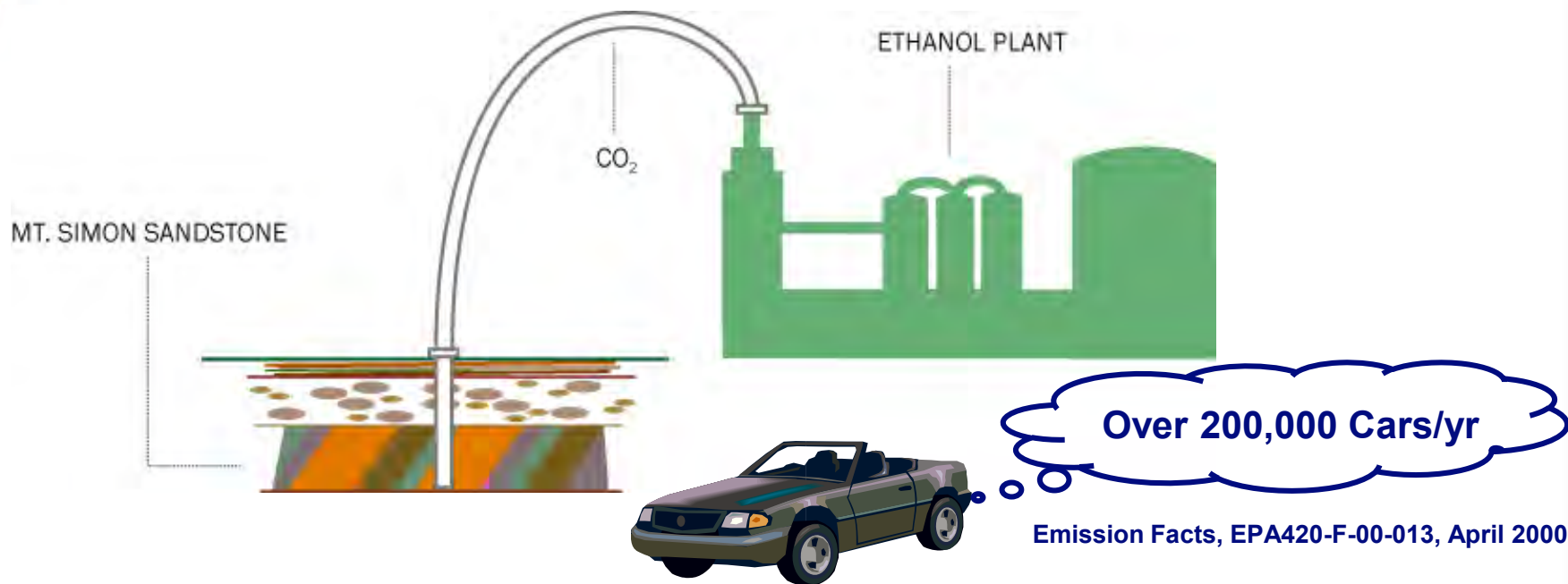
U.S. Initiative on Climate Change

- The DOE has established the Carbon Capture Utilization & Storage (CCUS) Program focusing on developing technologies with significant potential to reduce GHG emissions.
- Part of this program is dedicated to advancing technologies that capture, store, and/or beneficially reuse CO₂.
- Geologic sequestration of CO₂ in saline reservoirs have been identified as a potential pathway to reduce GHG that would otherwise reside in the atmosphere.

Climate of Innovation in Illinois

ADM

Investigating Geologic Carbon Sequestration's Potential as an Environmental Solution



Decatur is host to three CCS projects

- 1. A demonstration project to capture one million tons of CO₂ over a three year period.**
- 2. An industrial scale project to capture one million tons of CO₂ per year.**
- 3. Advanced monitoring project using fiber optic technology.**

CO₂



Geologic Storage of CO₂

ADM Decatur Facility

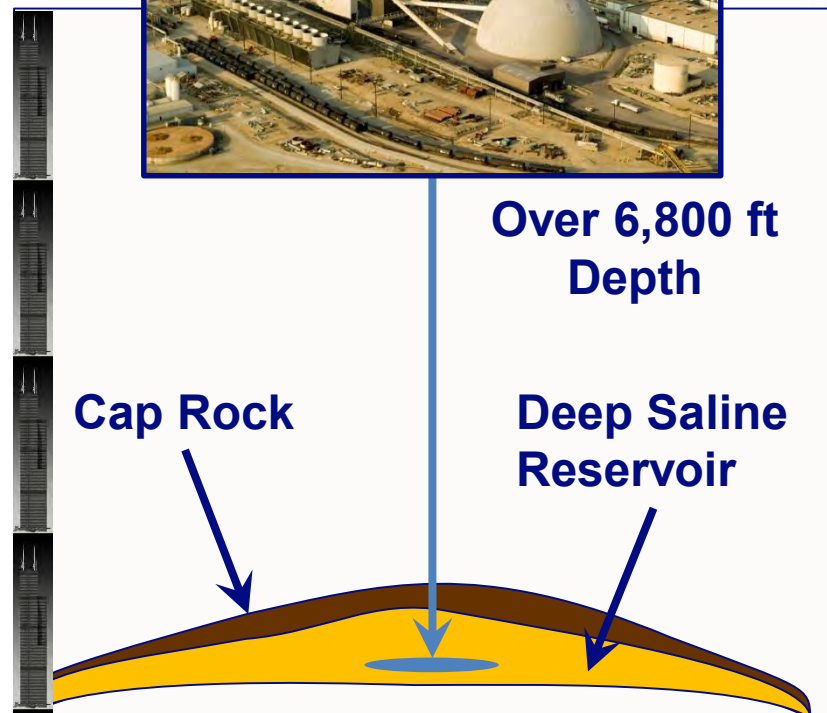
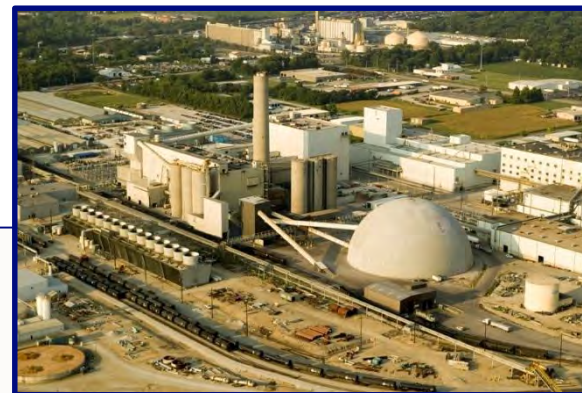
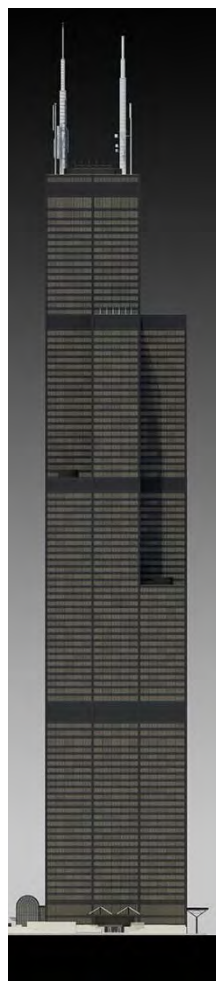
6,000 ft underground there is a porous formation known as the Mt Simon.

Above the Mt Simon is a shale formation known as the Eau Claire.

Compress CO₂ to a fluid like state.

Inject CO₂ into the deep subsurface.

Deep enough to stack 4 Willis Towers on end.





Illinois Basin Decatur Project (IBDP)



Program Objective

Large scale geologic test to inject 1.0 million tons of CO₂ over a three year period (1,000 MT/day).

Project Team Members



Knowledge Base

- Site Geological Characterization
- Risk Assessment & Reservoir Modeling
- Engineering Design & MVA

Nov 2014-Completed goal of injecting and storing 1,000,000 tons of CO₂.





Illinois Industrial CCS Project (IL-ICCS)



Program Objectives

- Target & Demonstrate Advanced CCS Technologies at Industrial Scale Facilities
- Inject and Store One Million Tons of CO₂ Annually (3,000 tons/day)

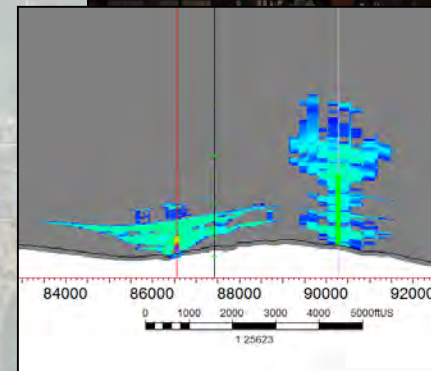
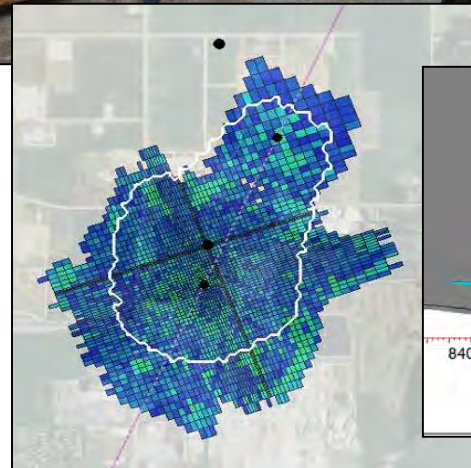
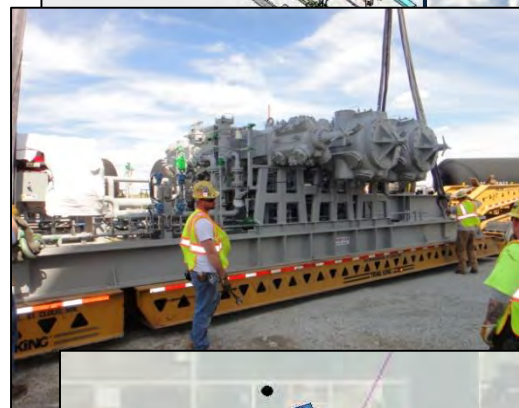
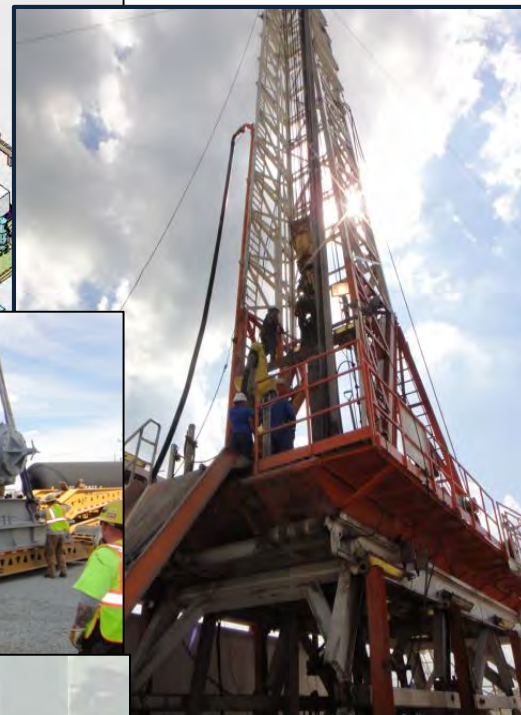
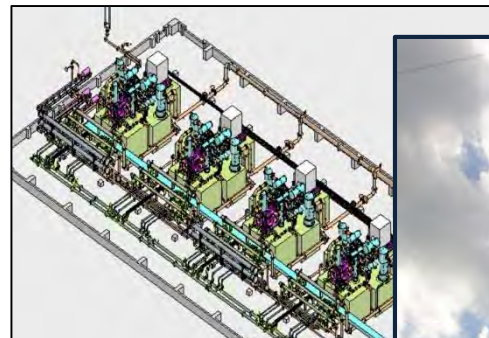
Project Team Members



Knowledge Base

- Site Geological Characterization
- Risk Assessment & Reservoir Modeling
- Engineering Design & MVA
- Education and Public Outreach

Study the interaction between the CO₂ plumes from two injection wells within the same formation.





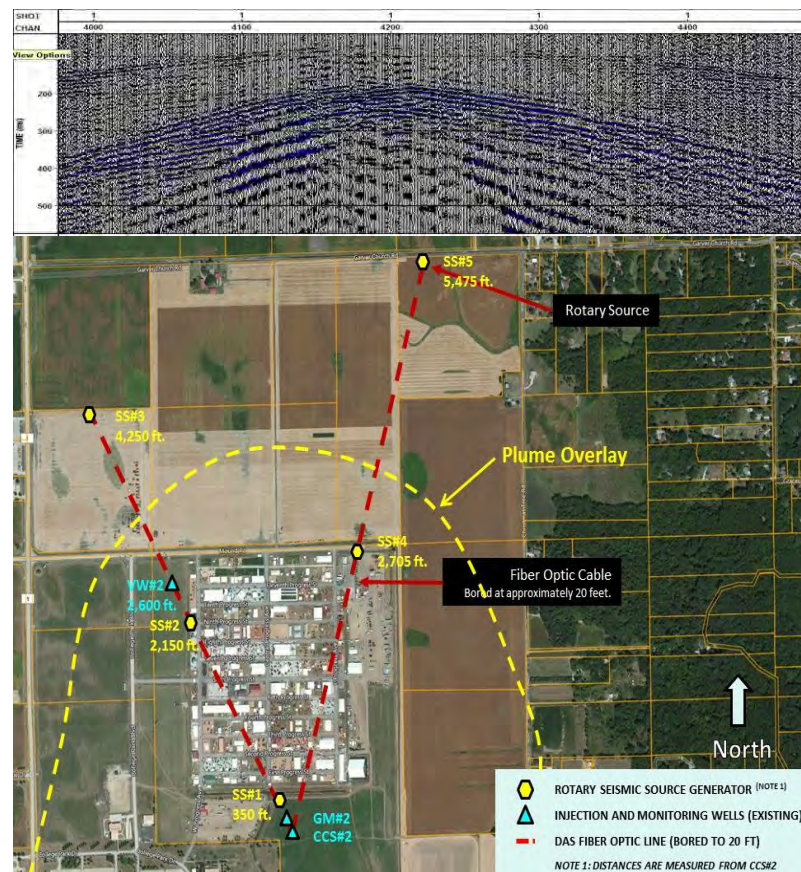
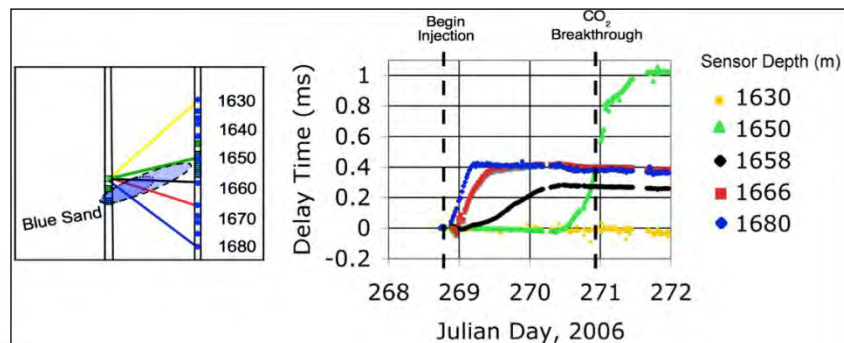
Intelligent Monitoring System (IMS)



Program Objectives

- Develop and validate software tools that advance CCS-specific IMS by enabling access, integration and analysis of real-time surface and subsurface data for decision-making and automation of process
- Demonstrate integration of system components to validate feasibility of real-world application to CCS.

Project Team Members





CarbonSAFE Nebraska Project

Program Objectives

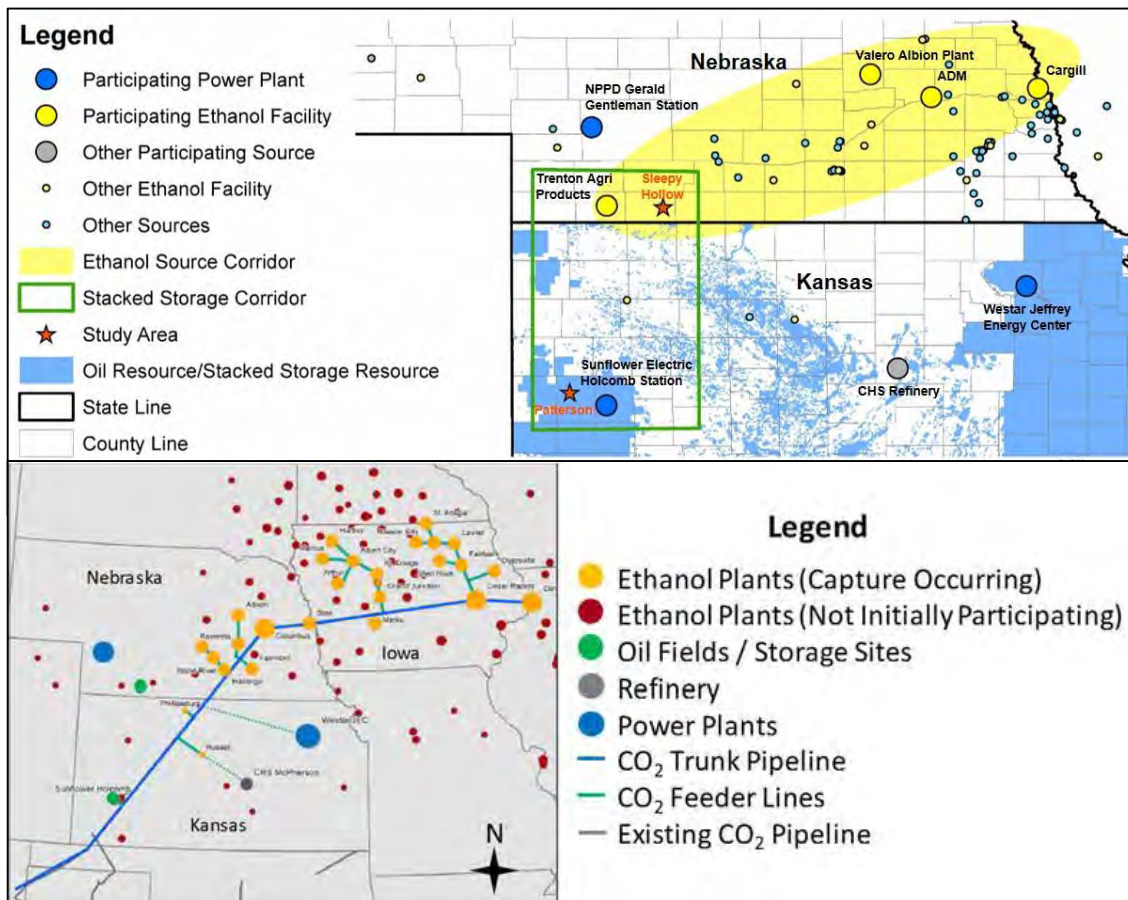
- This project is a pre-feasibility study of an integrated CO₂ storage hub in the mid-continent region of the United States, with the ultimate objective of storing anthropogenic CO₂.

Project Team Members

Battelle



Schlumberger



Decatur Site Overview



Richland CC

NSEC

VW#2

GM#2

CCS#2

VW#1

CCS#1

GM#1

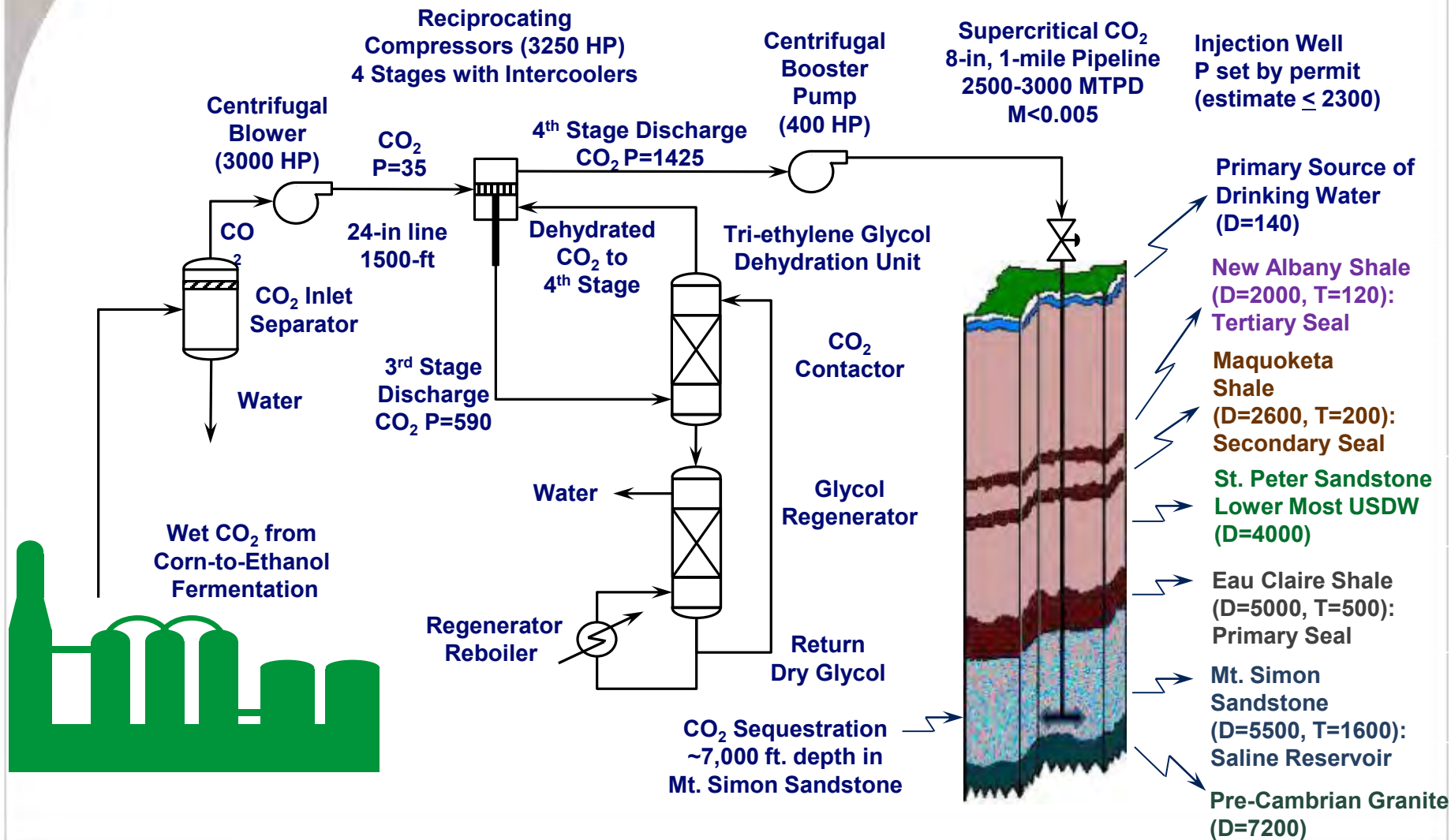
ADM Facility

Compression
& Dehydration

CO₂ Collection
Blower Area



Project Process Flow Diagram





CO₂ Collection Facility

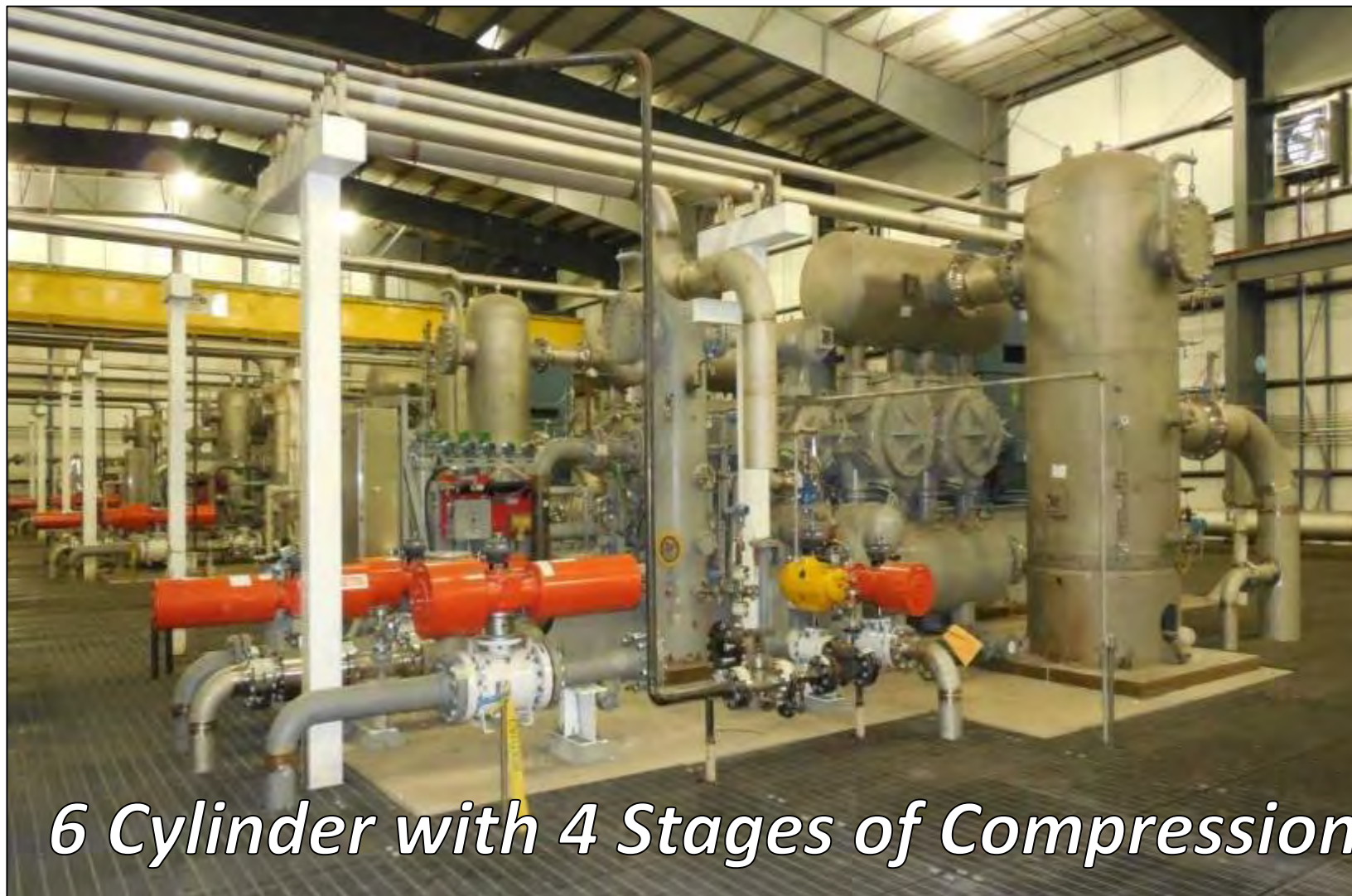


Main Compression Building



3,250 hp Reciprocating Compressors

Main Compression Building



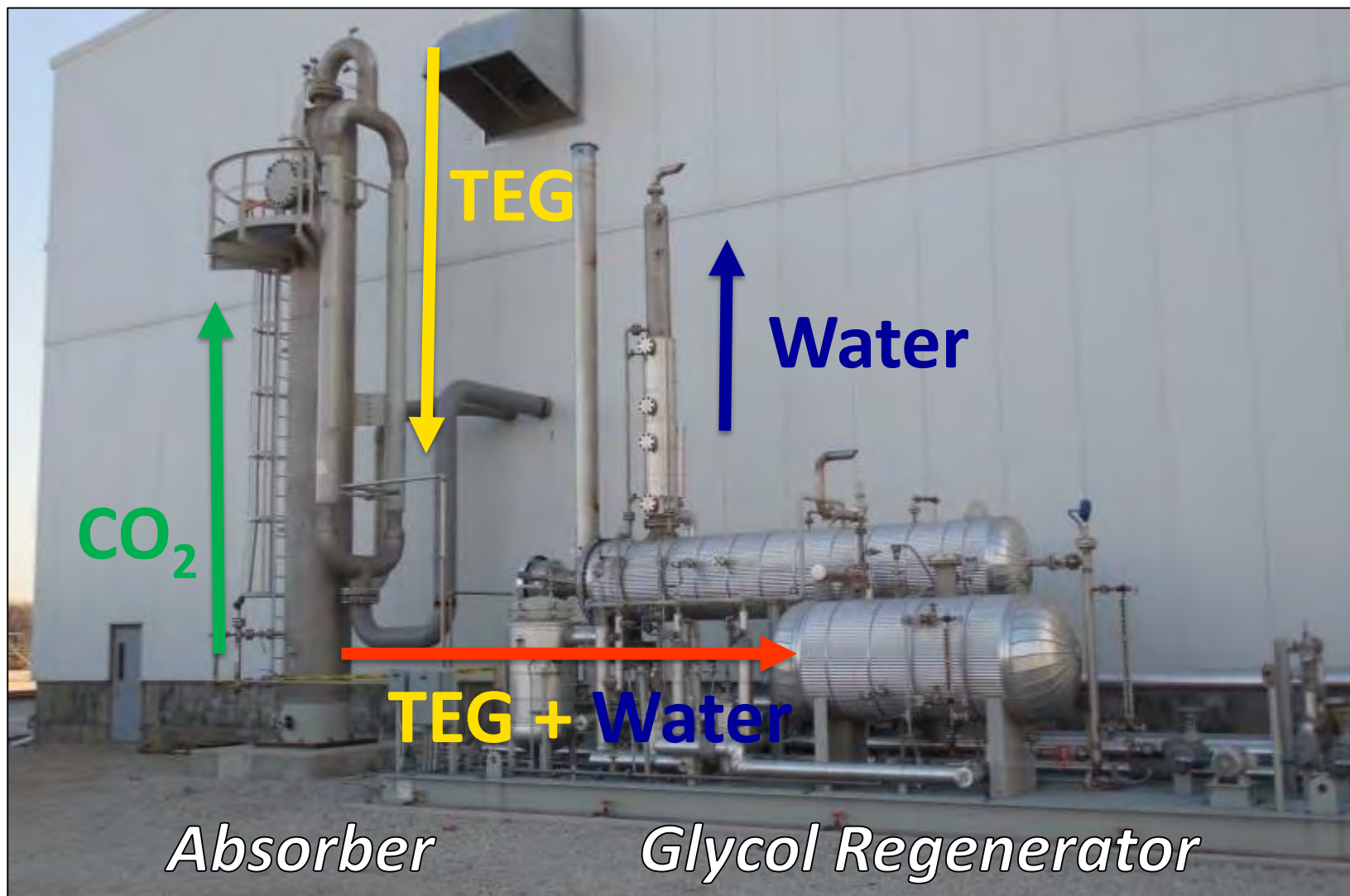
6 Cylinder with 4 Stages of Compression

Main Compression Building



Interstage CO₂ Coolers

CO₂ Dehydration Unit



Main Compression Building



45 Stage CO₂ Booster Pump

IBDP Injection Well

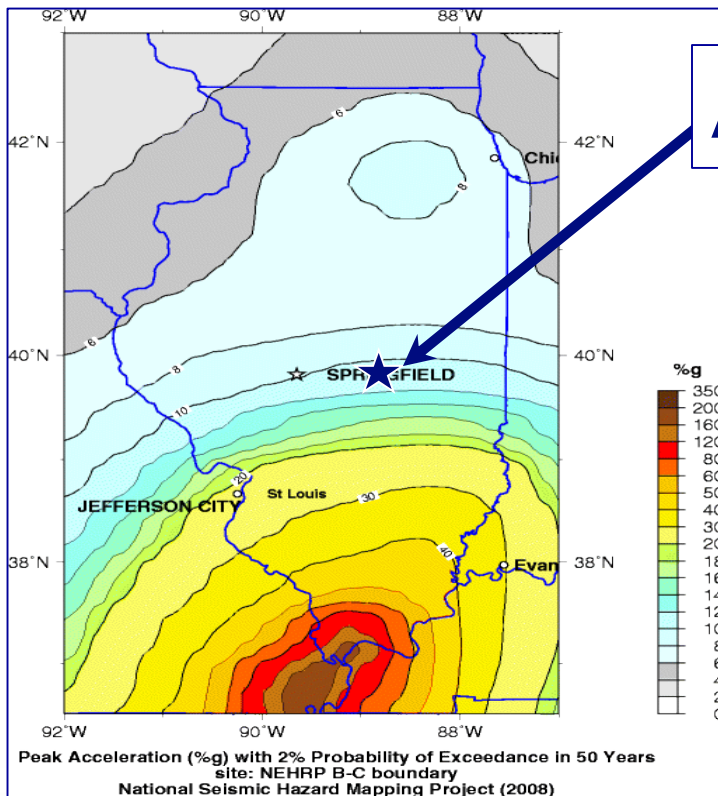
*Injection
Well head*



Site Selection

Regional Geologic Characterization

- Cratonic basin
- 60,000 square mile area
- Structurally complex to the south with faulting and seismicity
- ADM Decatur facility is located near the center of this geologic formation
- Estimated CO₂ storage capacity between 27 to 109 billion metric tons



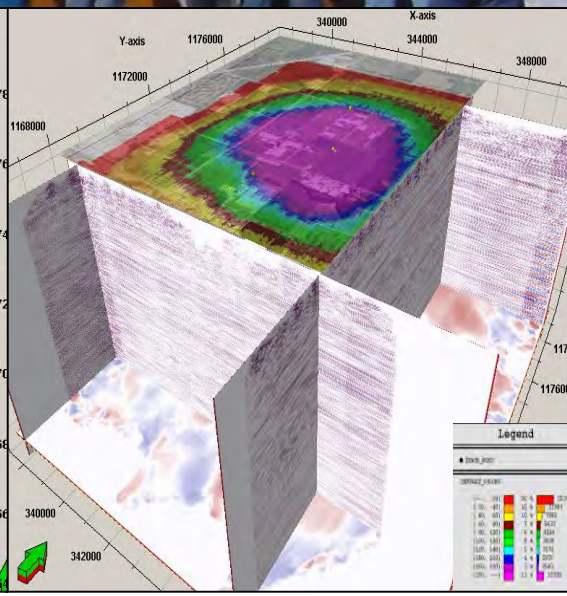
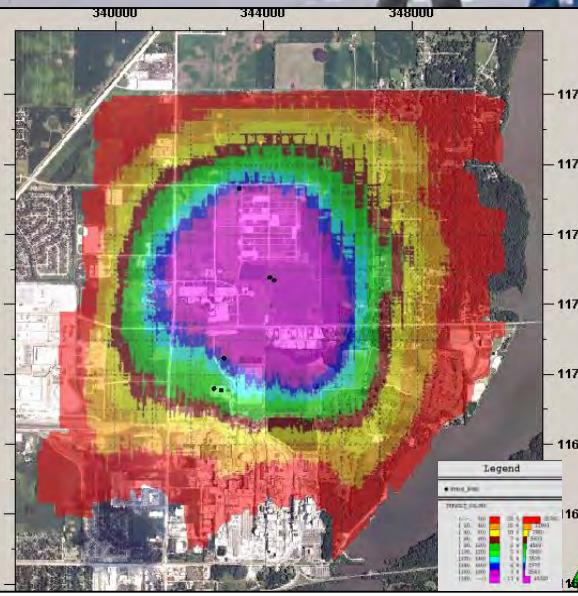
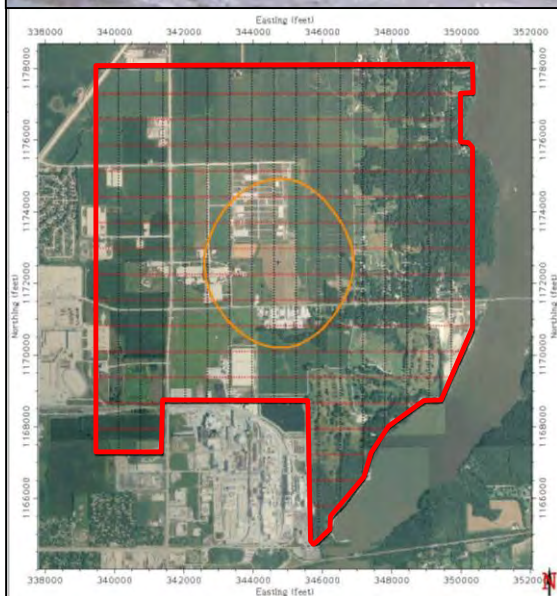
ADM





Site Characterization

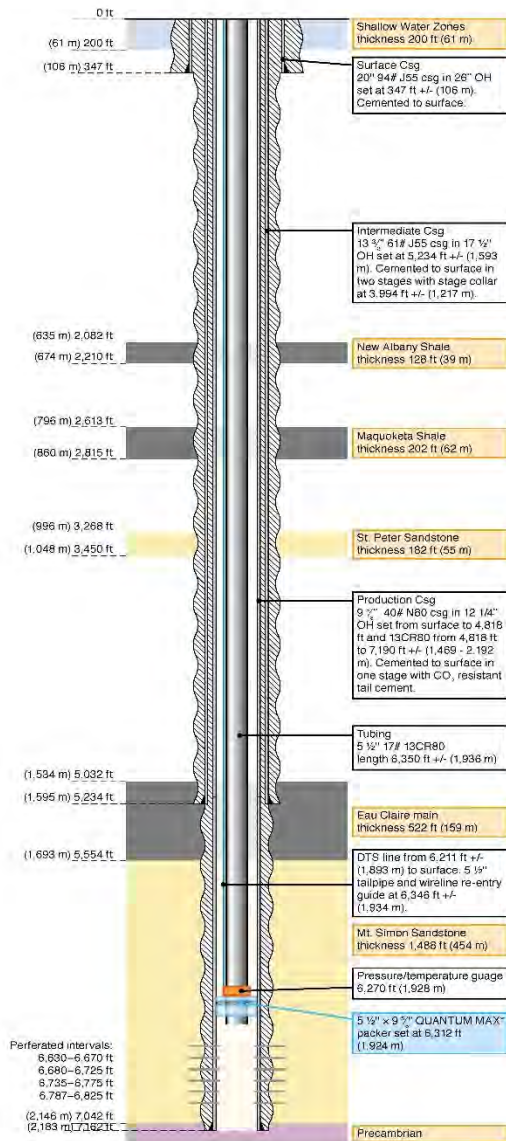
Seismic Acquisition



Illinois Industrial Carbon Capture & Storage Project Major Well Schematics

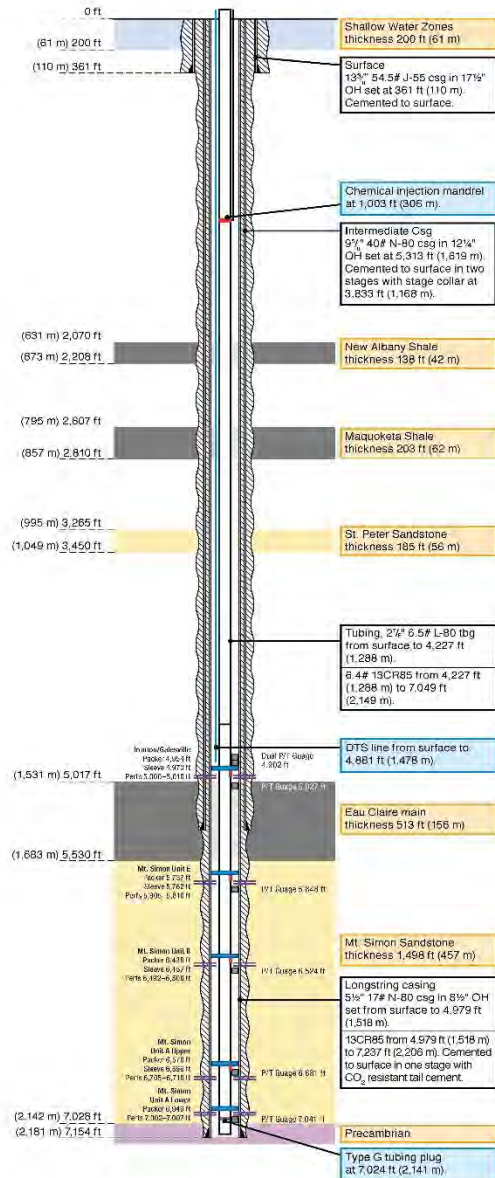
Injection Well

CCS2



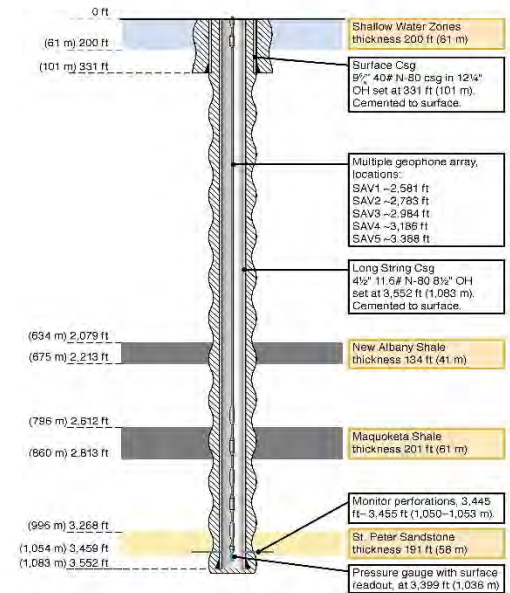
Verification Well

VW2



Geophysical Monitoring Well

GM2



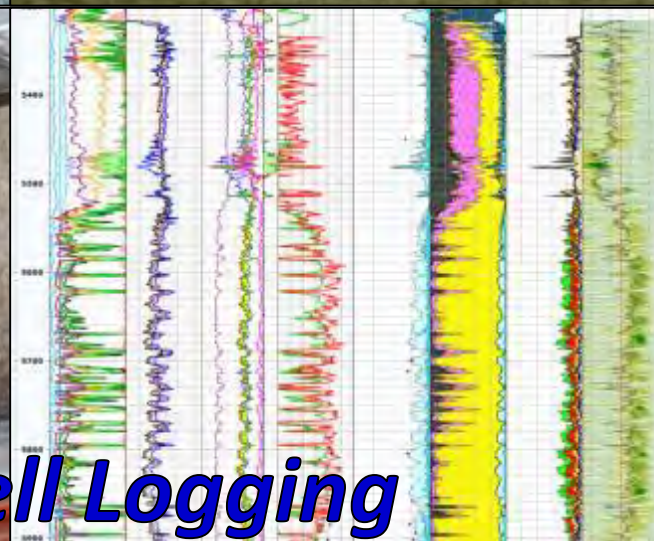


Test Well Construction



Deep Monitoring & Geophysical Wells

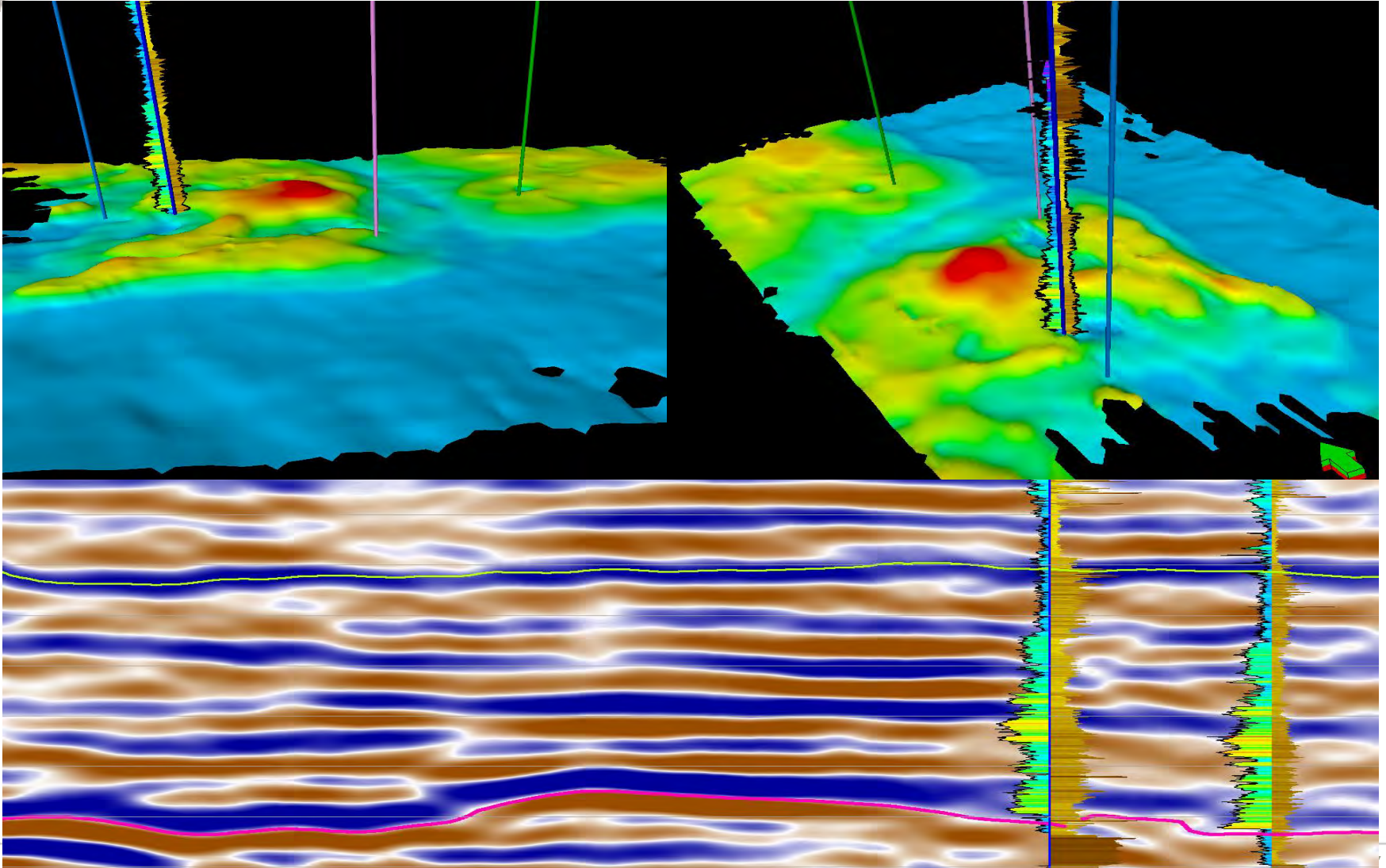
Coring and Well Logging



Core Samples and Well Logging



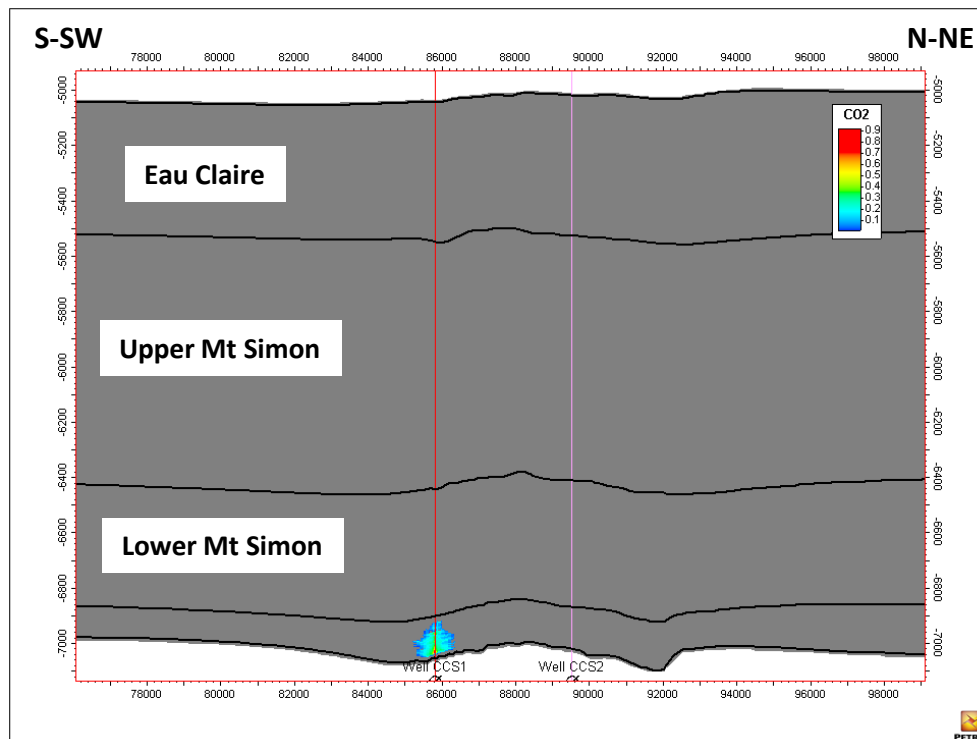
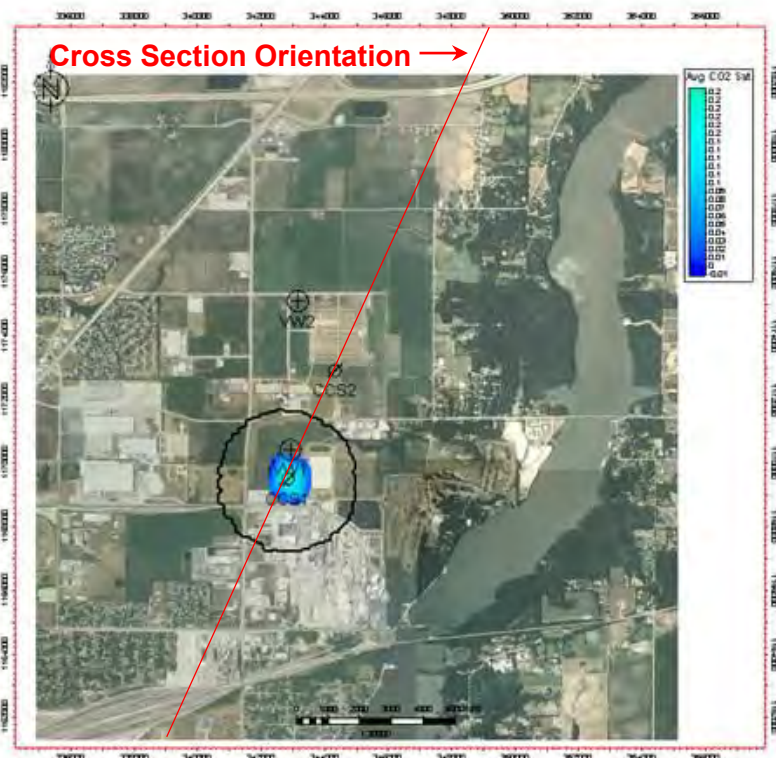
Geophysical Model Development





Geophysical Modeling

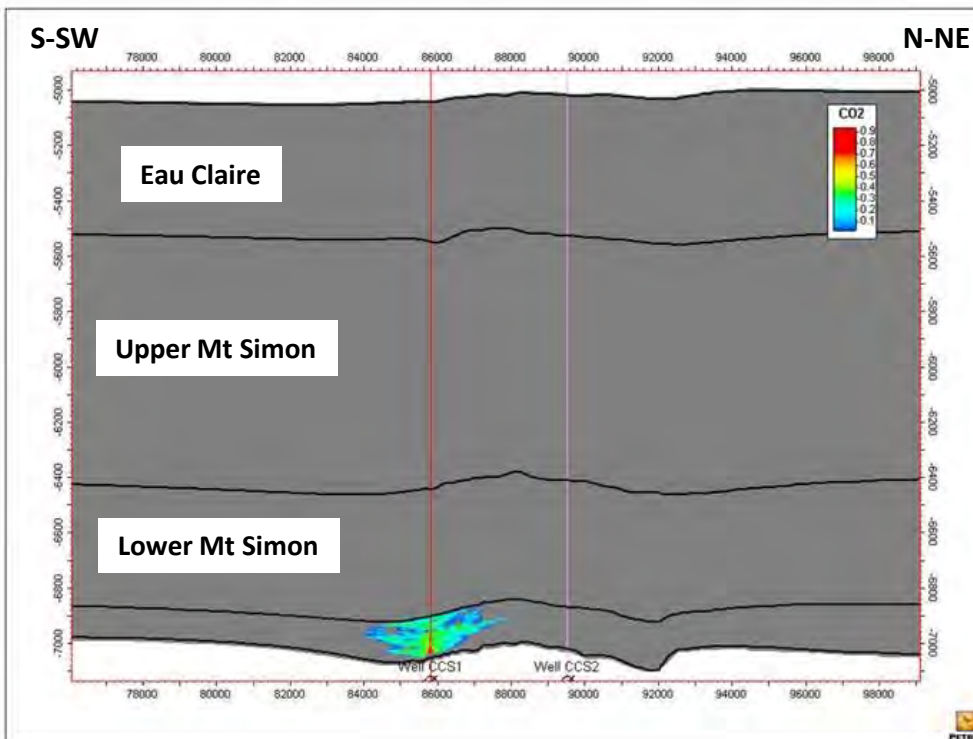
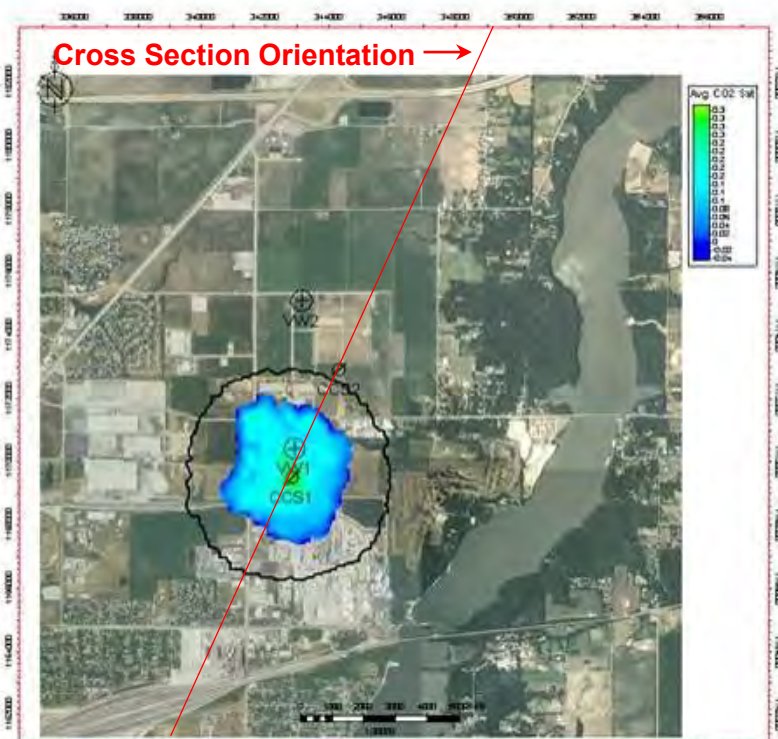
CO₂ Plume Position - 2012





Geophysical Modeling

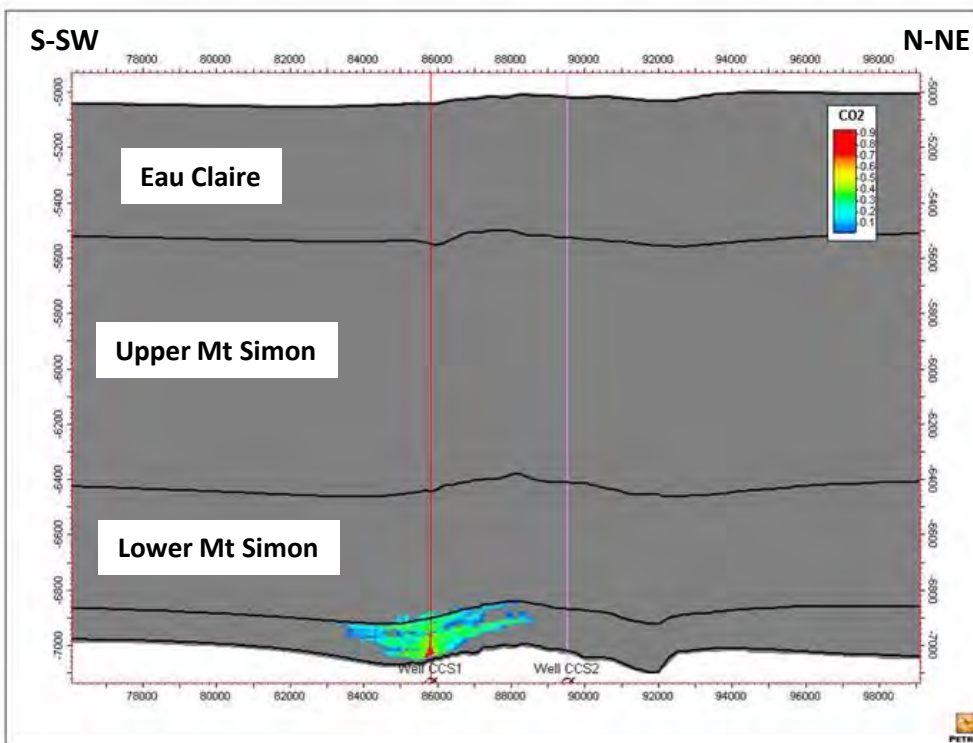
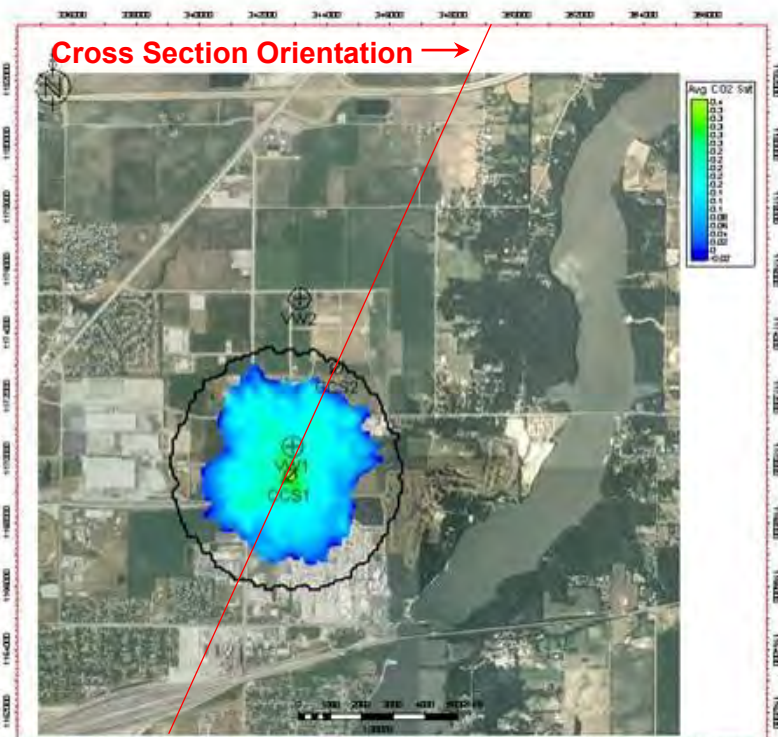
CO₂ Plume Position - 2013





Geophysical Modeling

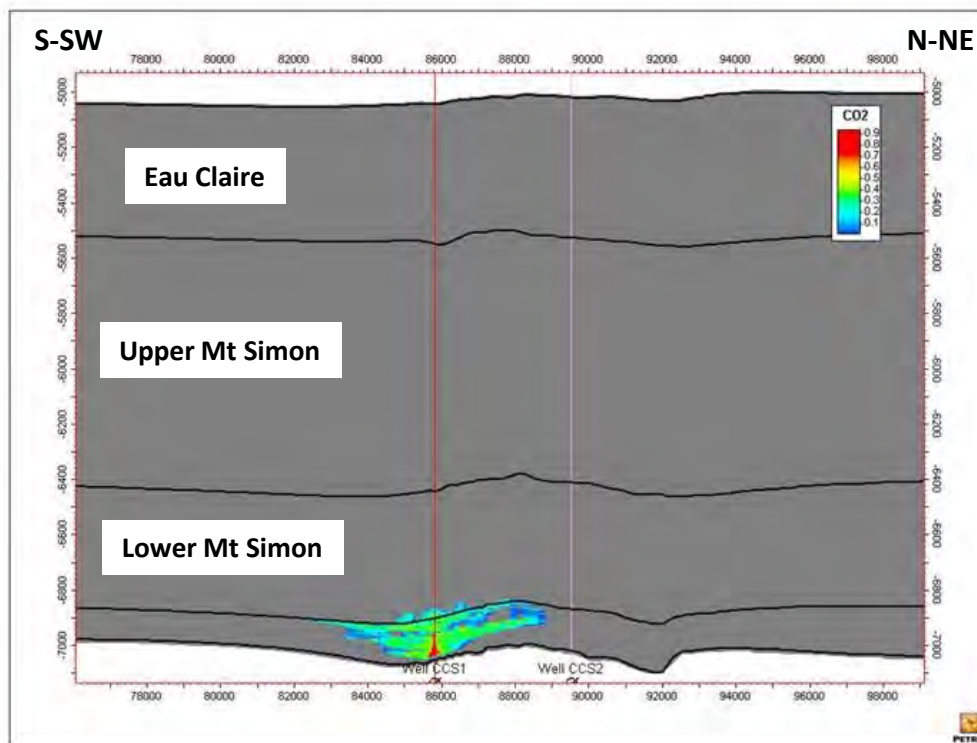
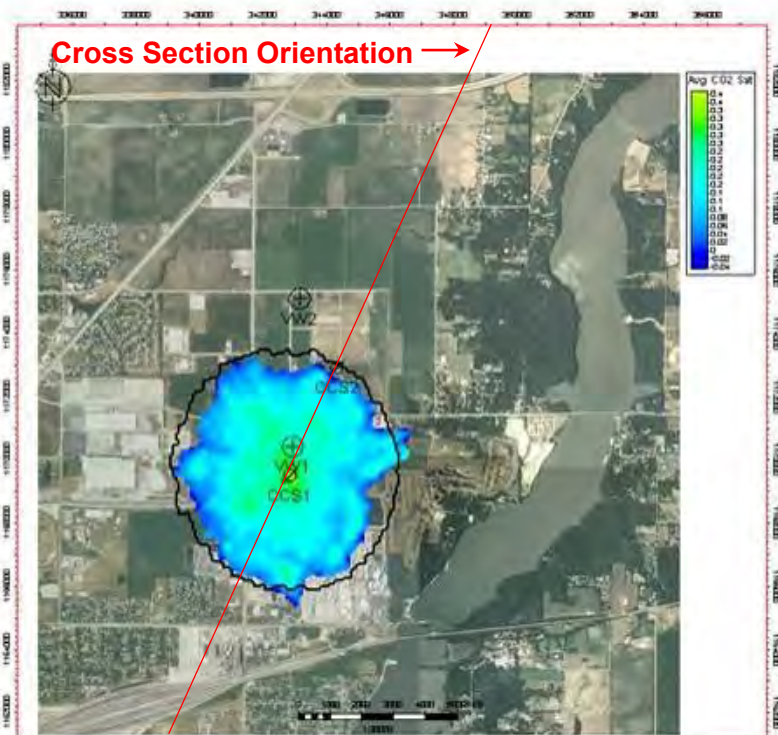
CO₂ Plume Position - 2014





Geophysical Modeling

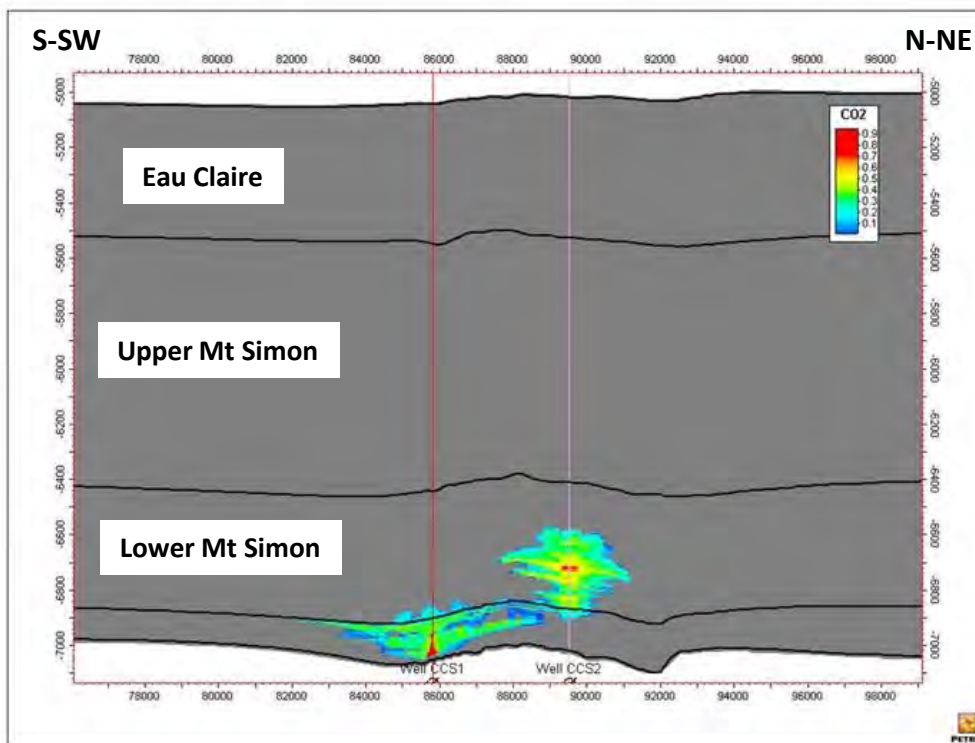
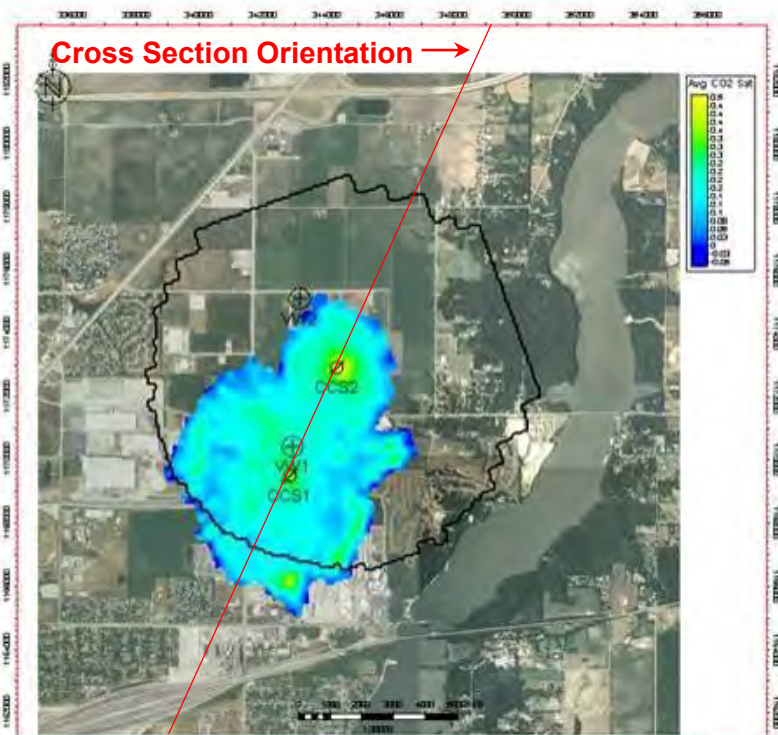
CO₂ Plume Position - 2015





Geophysical Modeling

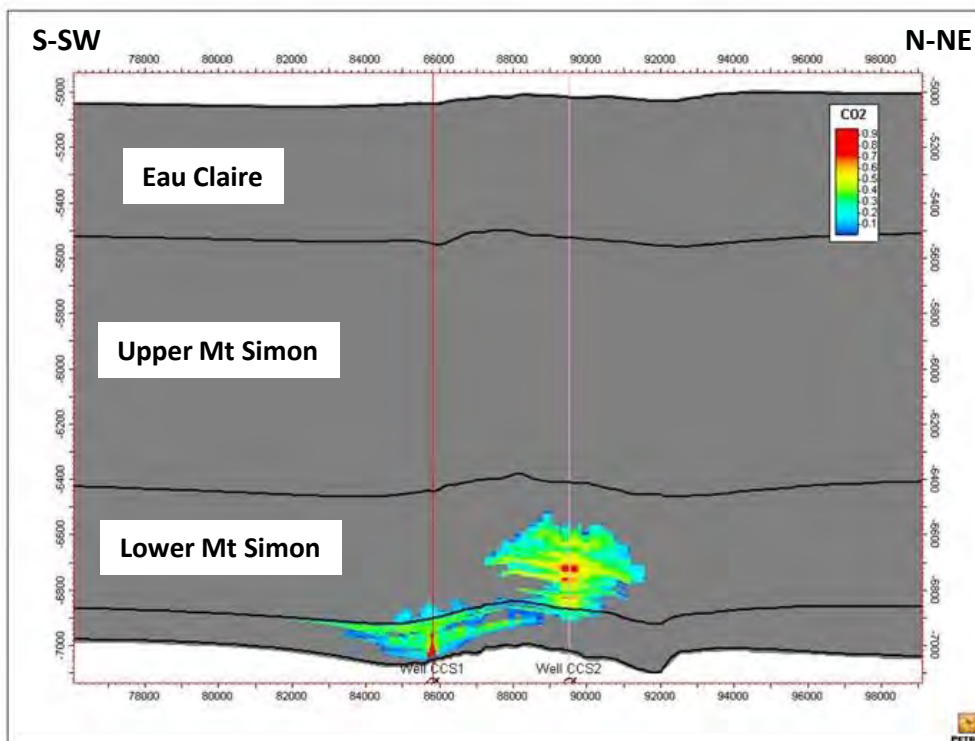
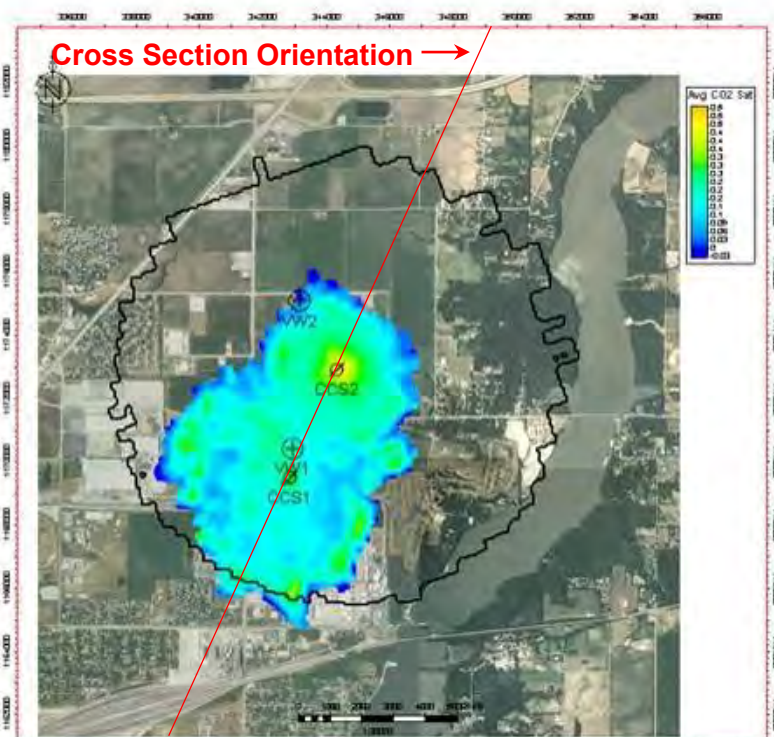
CO₂ Plume Position - 2018





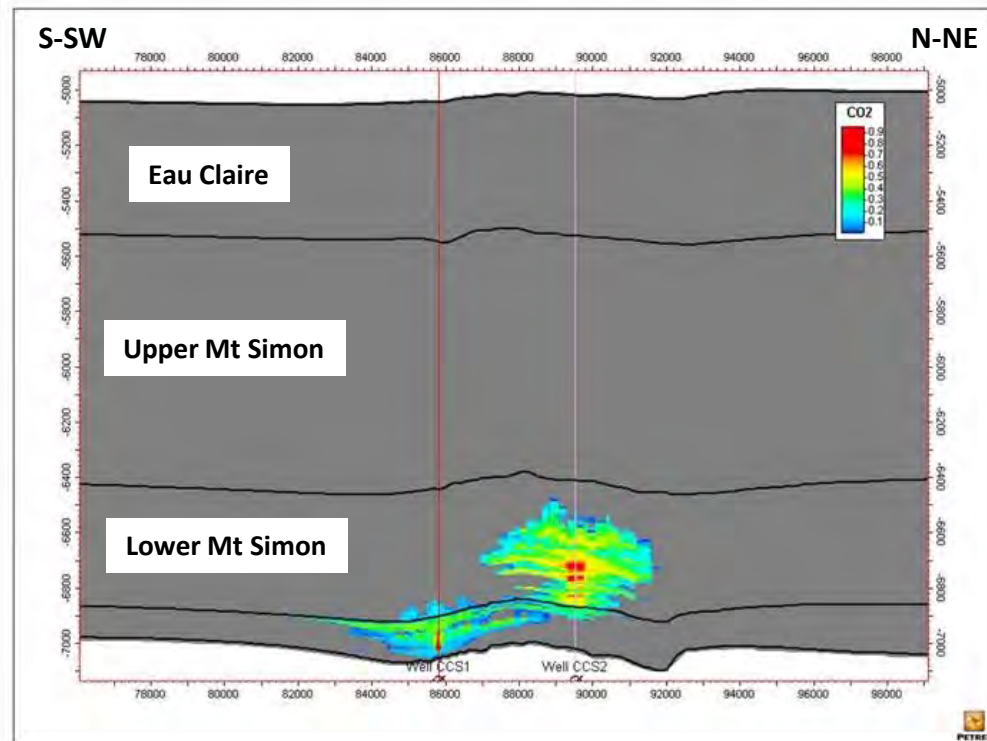
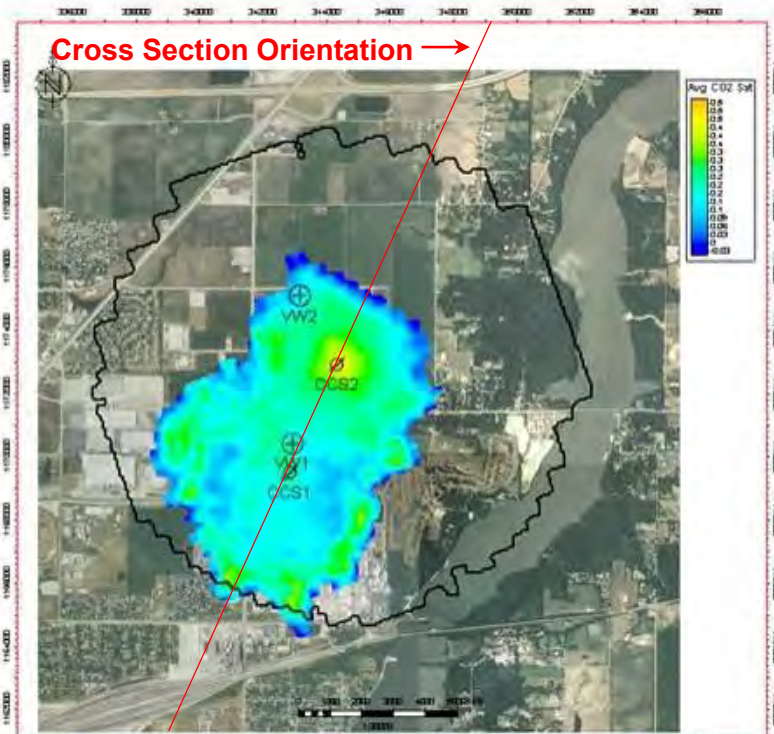
Geophysical Modeling

CO₂ Plume Position - 2019



Geophysical Modeling

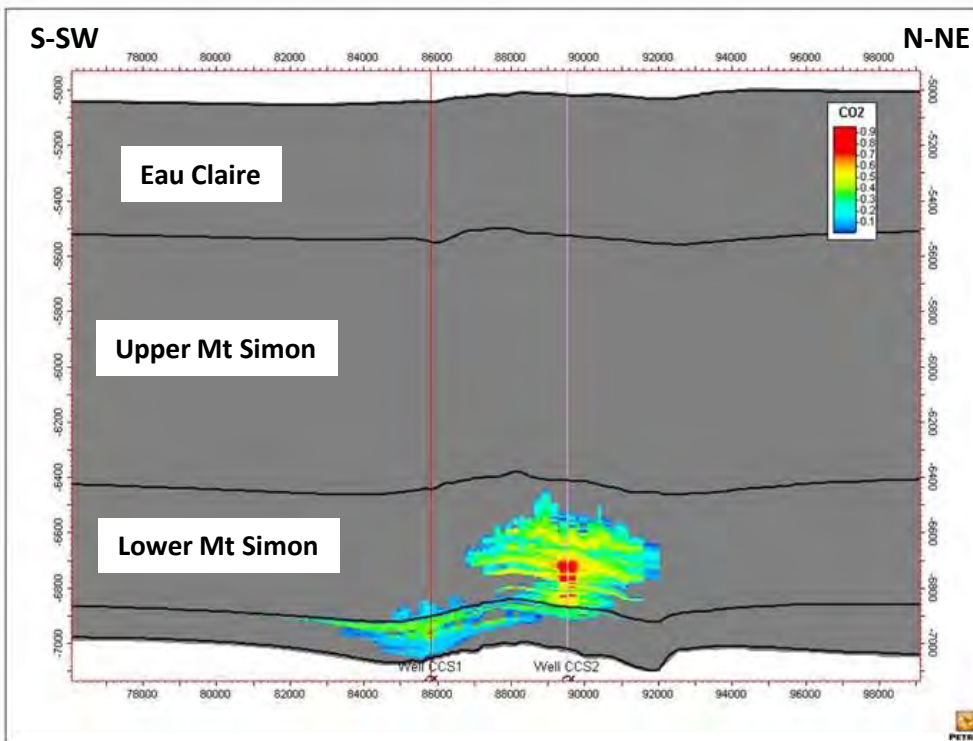
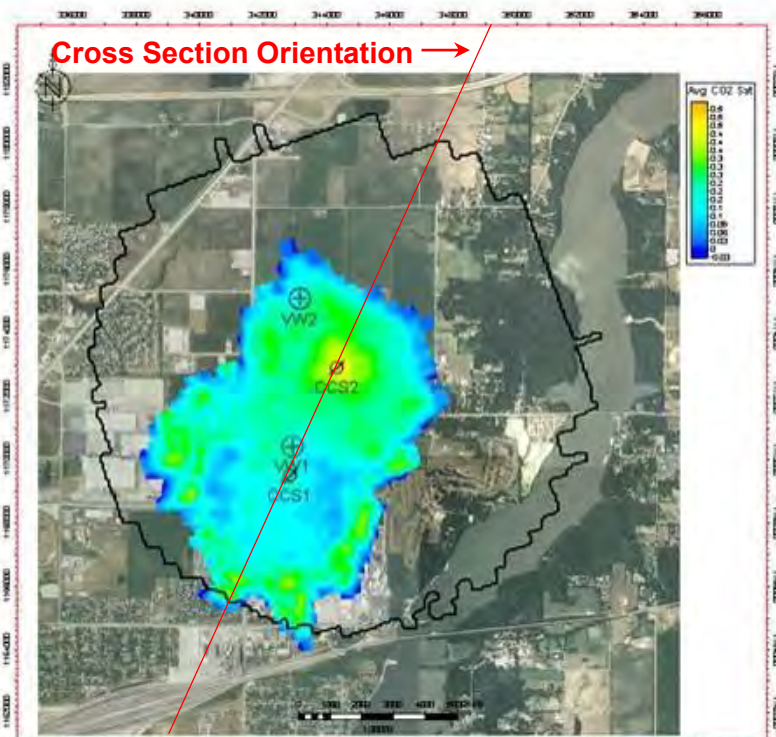
CO₂ Plume Position - 2020





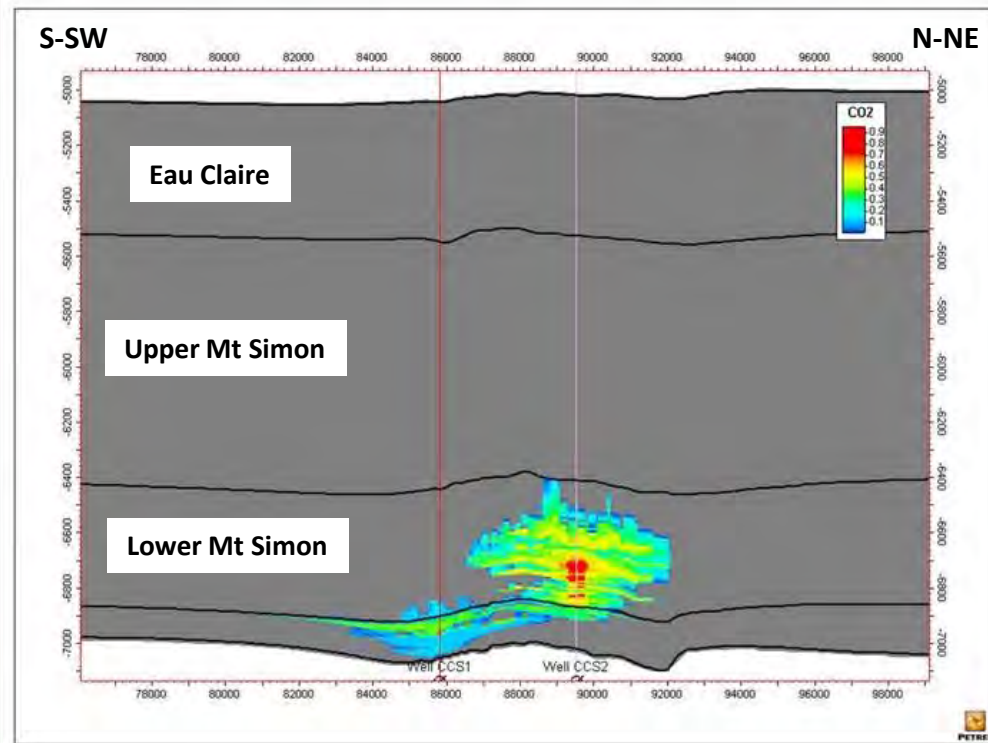
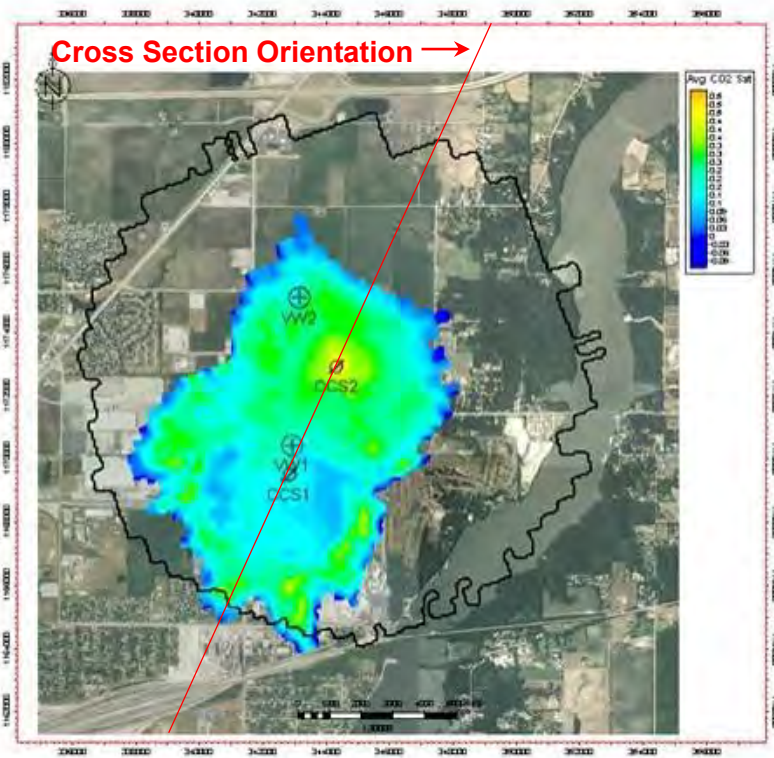
Geophysical Modeling

CO₂ Plume Position - 2021



Geophysical Modeling

CO₂ Plume Position - 2022



Environmental Monitoring (MVA) *Conceptual Framework*

Near Surface

Deep Subsurface

Soil and Vadose Zone

Ground Water

Above Seal

Injection Zone

Aerial Imagery

Soil CO₂ Flux

Geochemical
Sampling
P/T
Monitoring

Geophysical
Surveys
Seismic
Monitoring
P Monitoring

Geophysical
Surveys
Geochemical
sampling
P/T Monitoring



VW#2 Monitoring Well



Reservoir Fluid Sampling

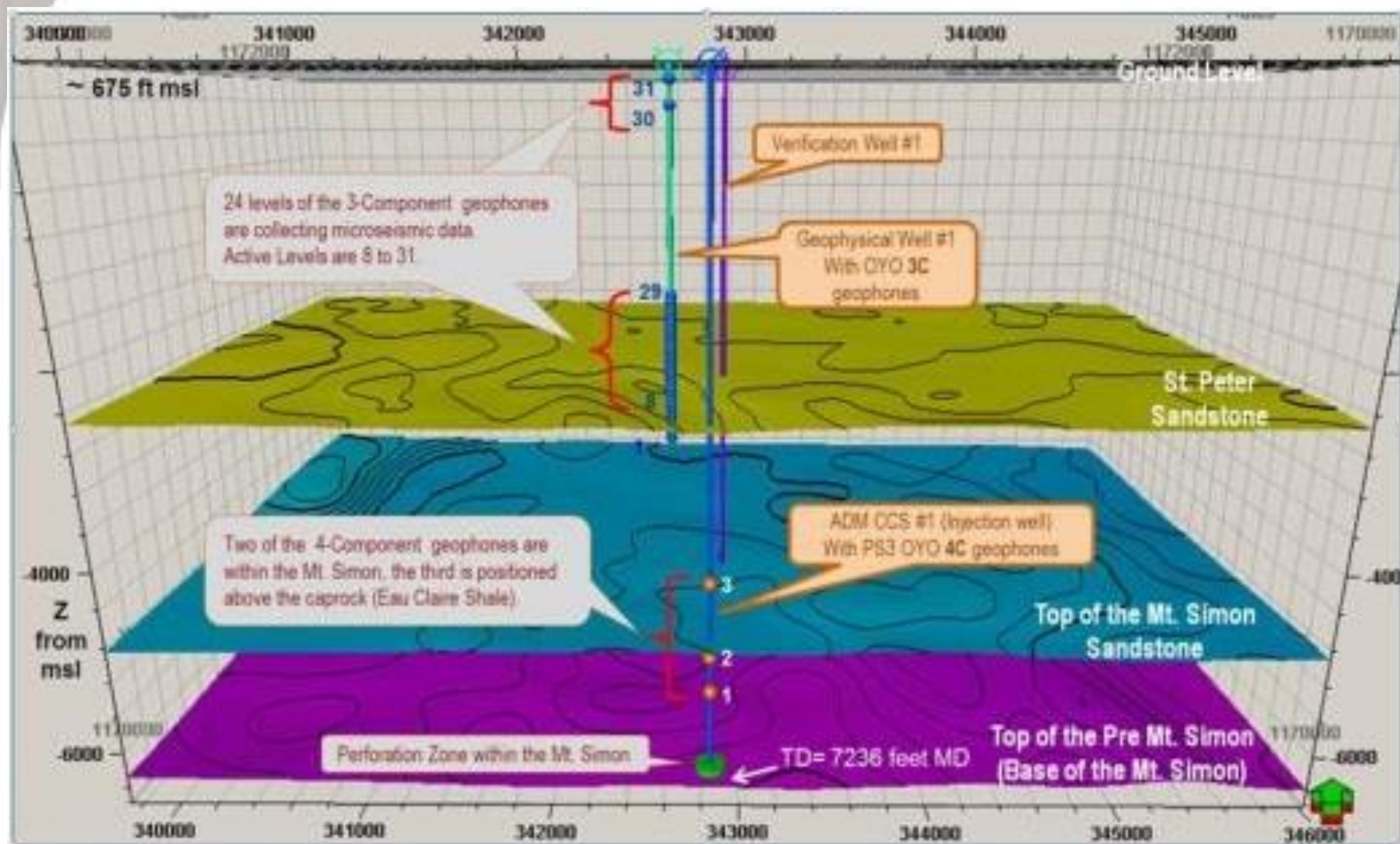


VW#2 Monitoring Well

Reservoir Fluid Sampling

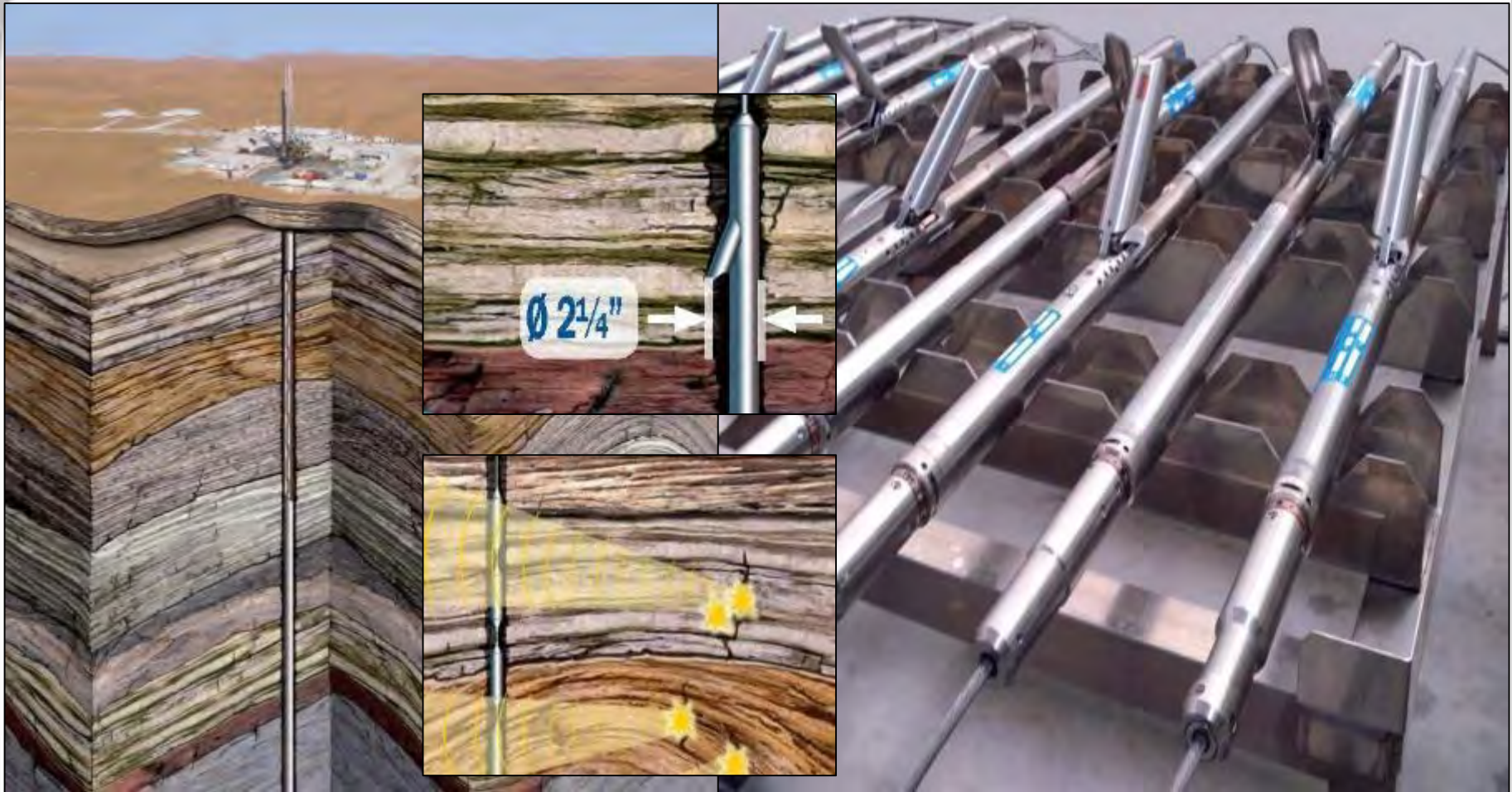


Deep Seismic Monitoring

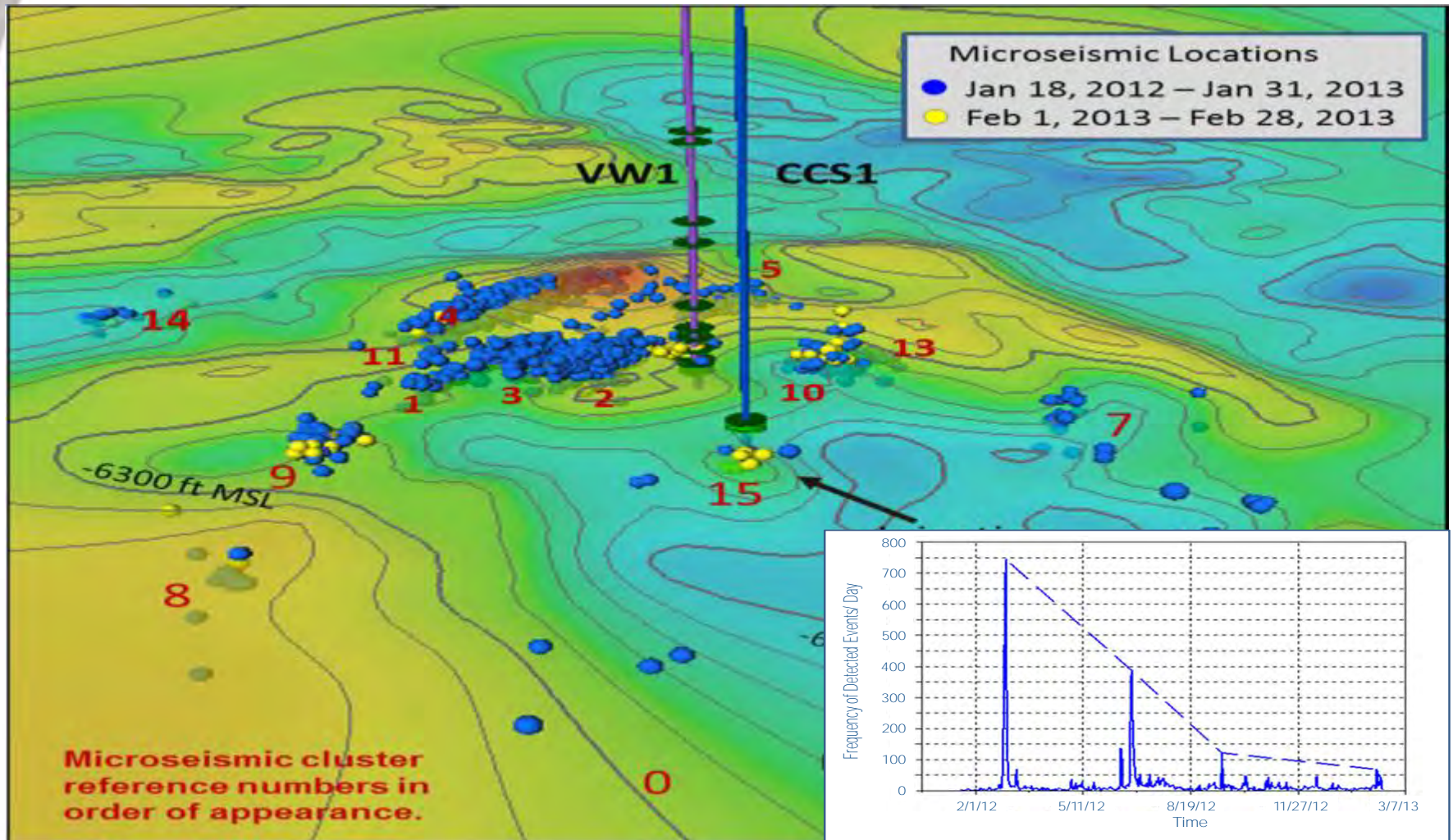


Deep Seismic Monitoring

"Slim Wave" Retrievable Geophones

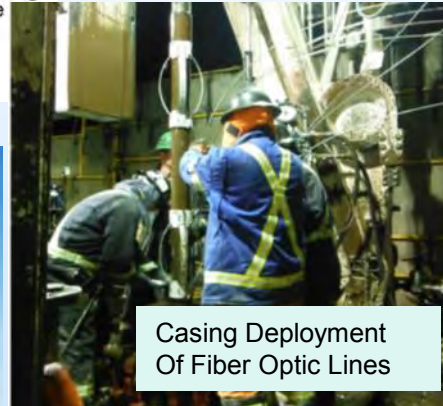
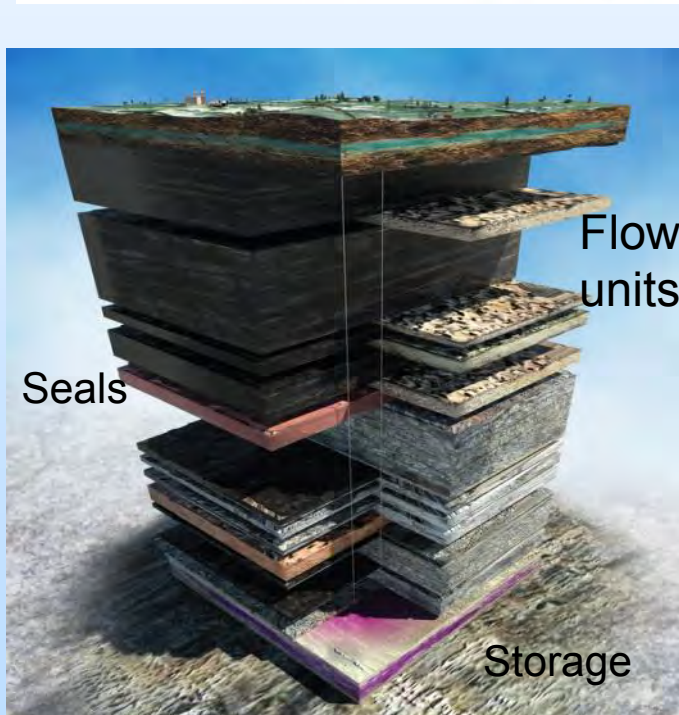
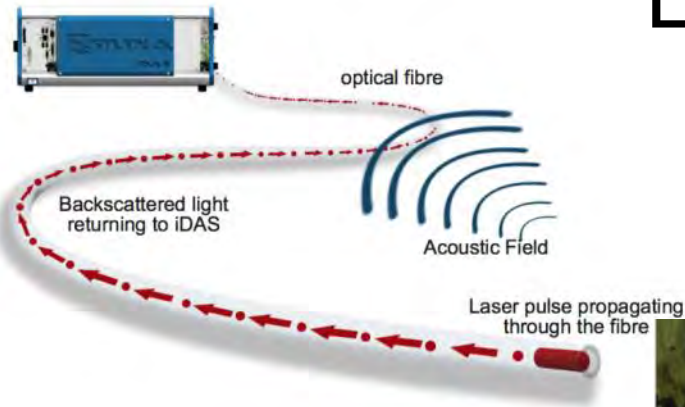


Seismic Monitoring Data

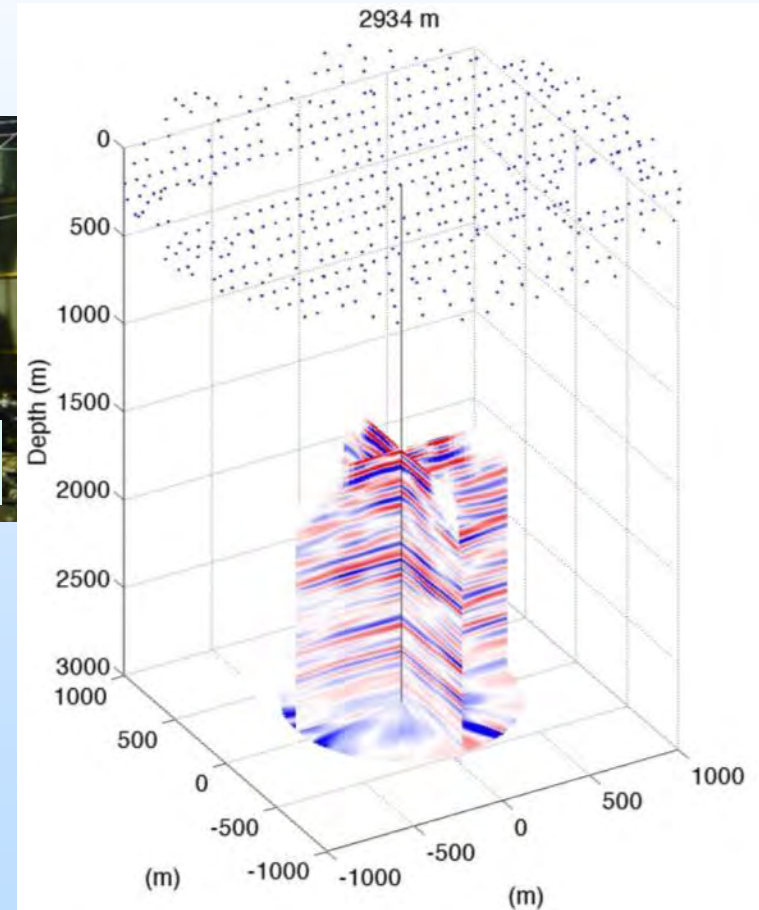


Distributed Acoustic Sensing (DAS)

Example from PTRC Aquistore DAS Baseline 3D-VSP



DAS VSP is becoming accepted technology.



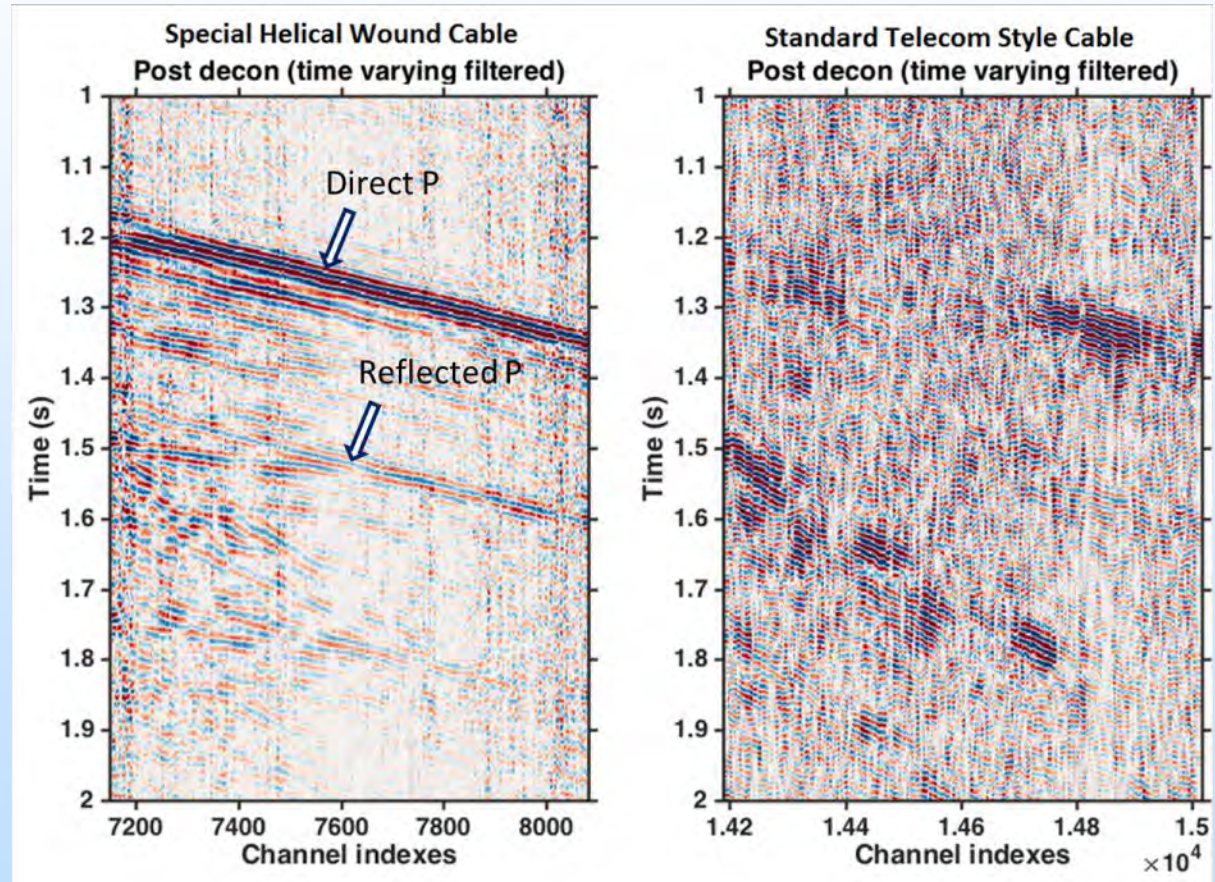
Technologies Developed under DOE Core R&D are incorporated into the IMS



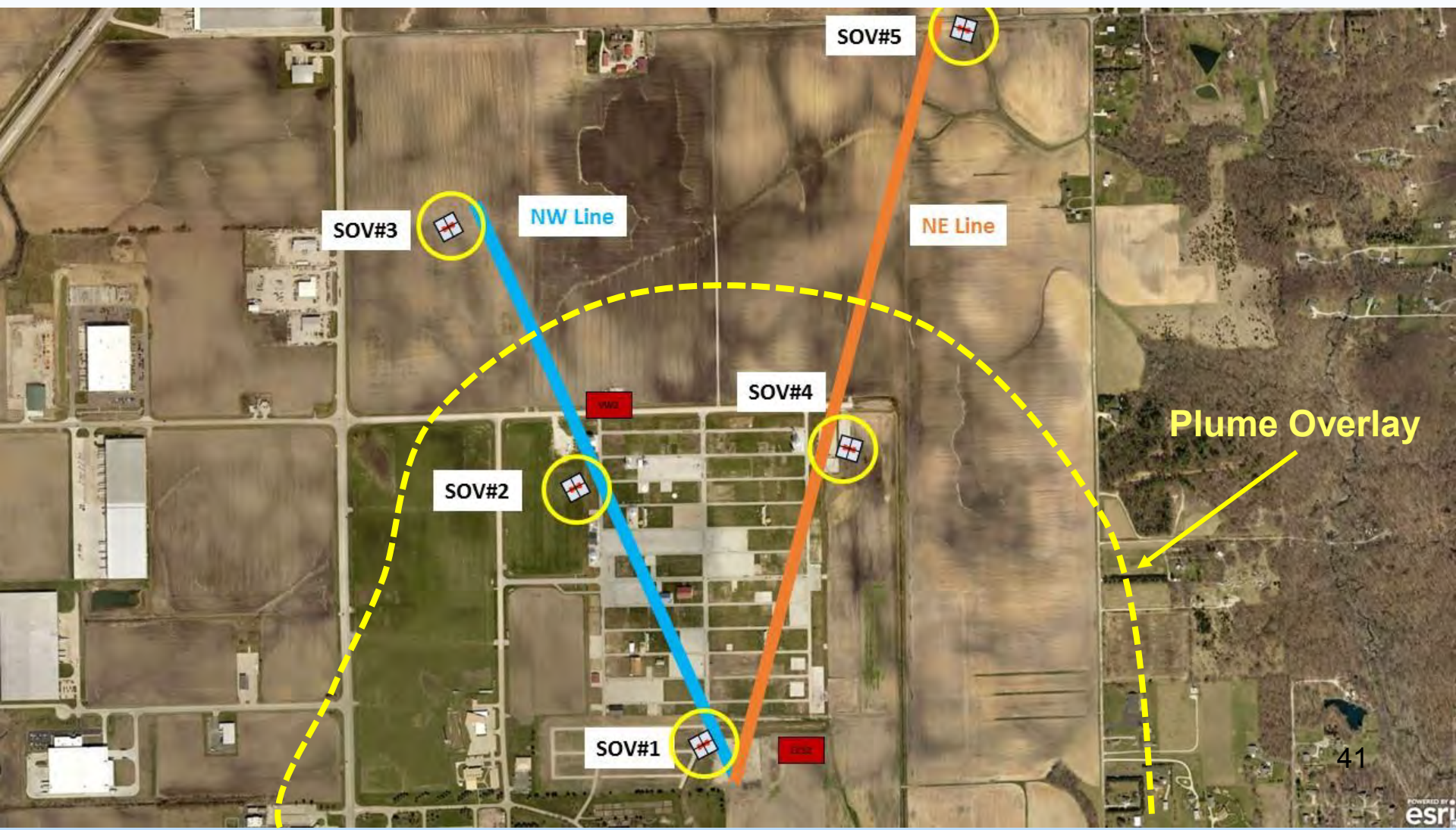
Rotary Orbital Source



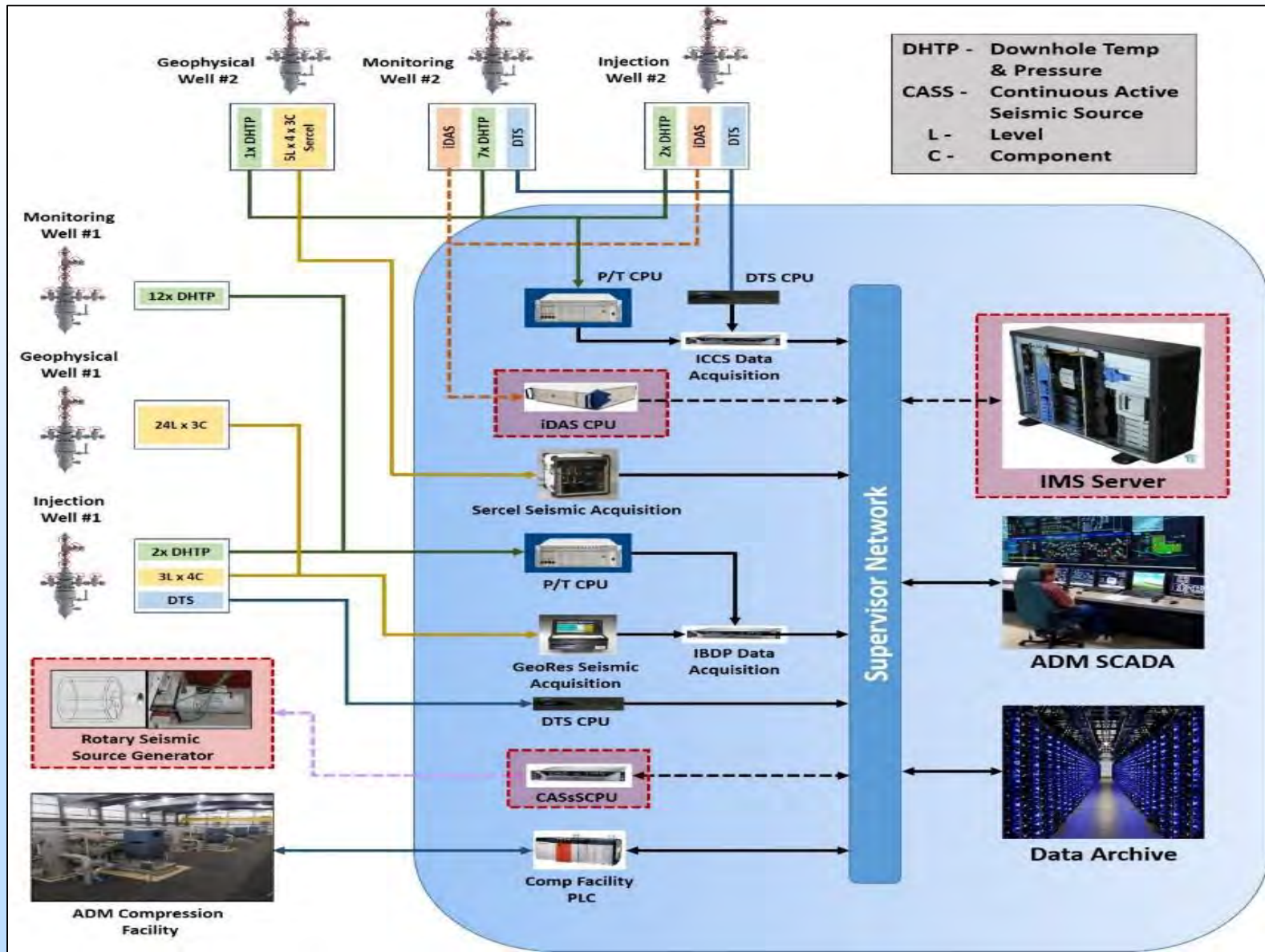
Broadside Sensitive Cable



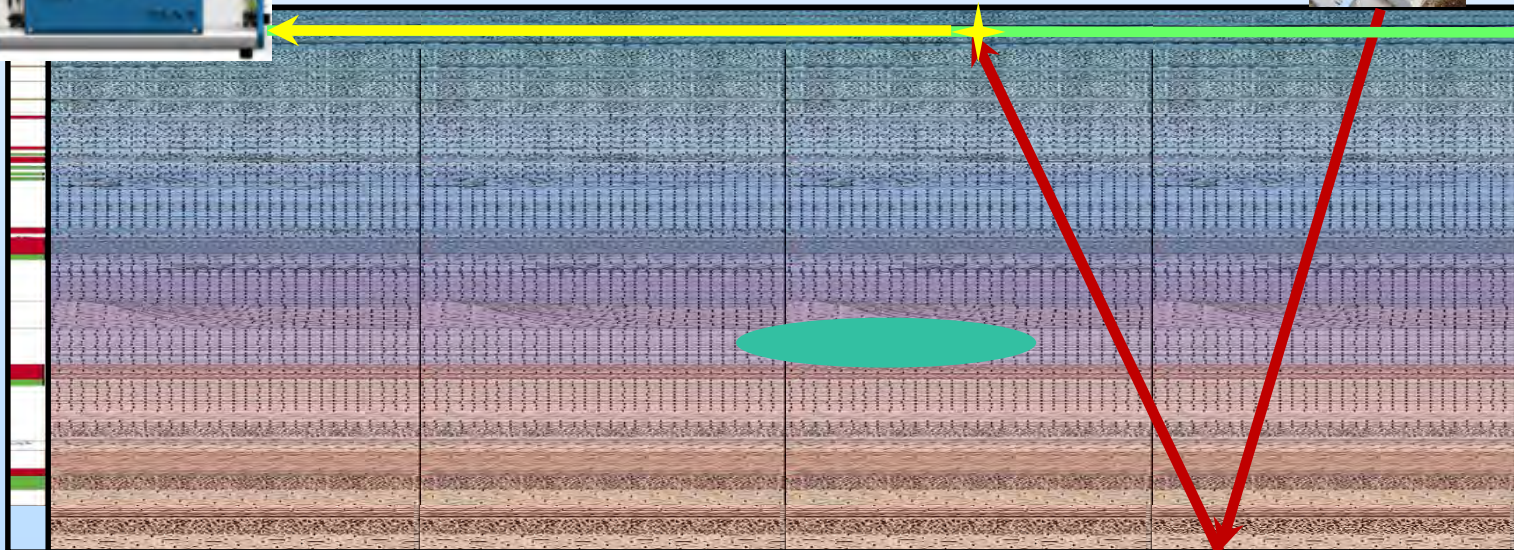
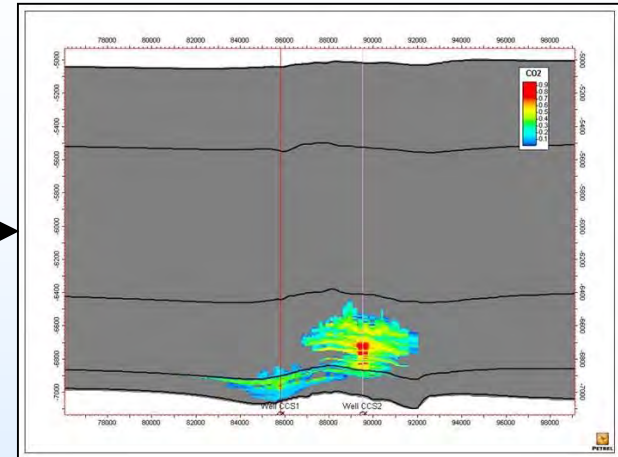
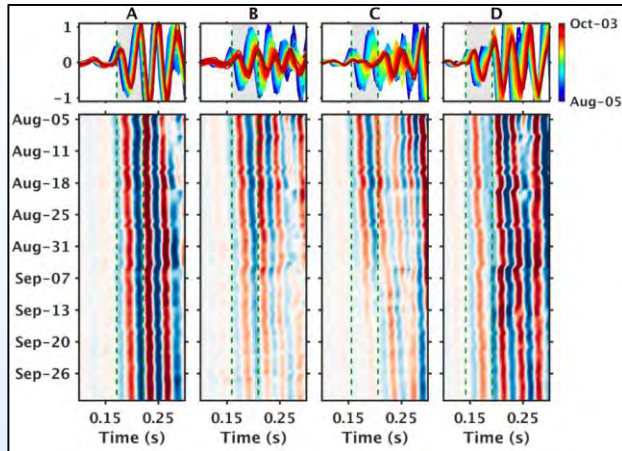
IMS Equipment Layout



IMS Data Acquisition Architecture



IMS Operation & Results



Commercial Drivers- *CO₂ Based Chemicals*

- Carbonates

- **Glycerol Carbonate**
- **Propylene Carbonate**
- **Dimethyl Carbonate**

- **Fertilizers**

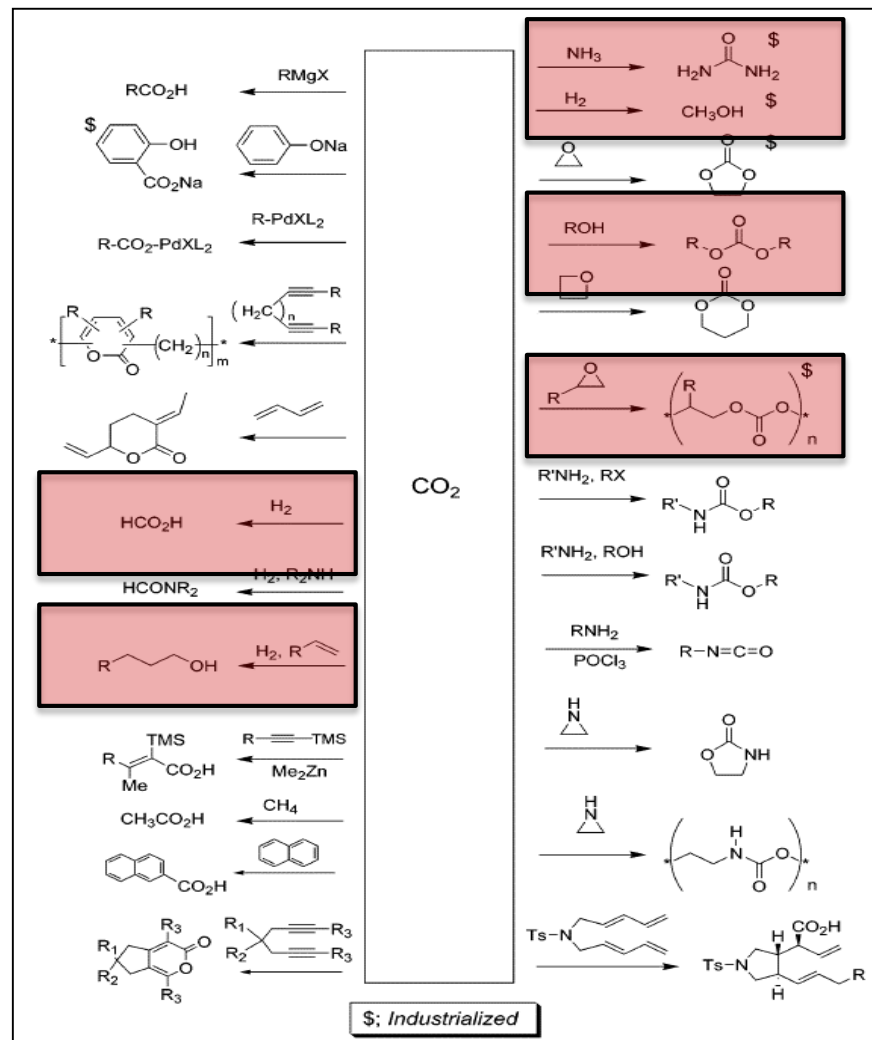
• Alcohols

- Fuels

• Acids

• Polymers

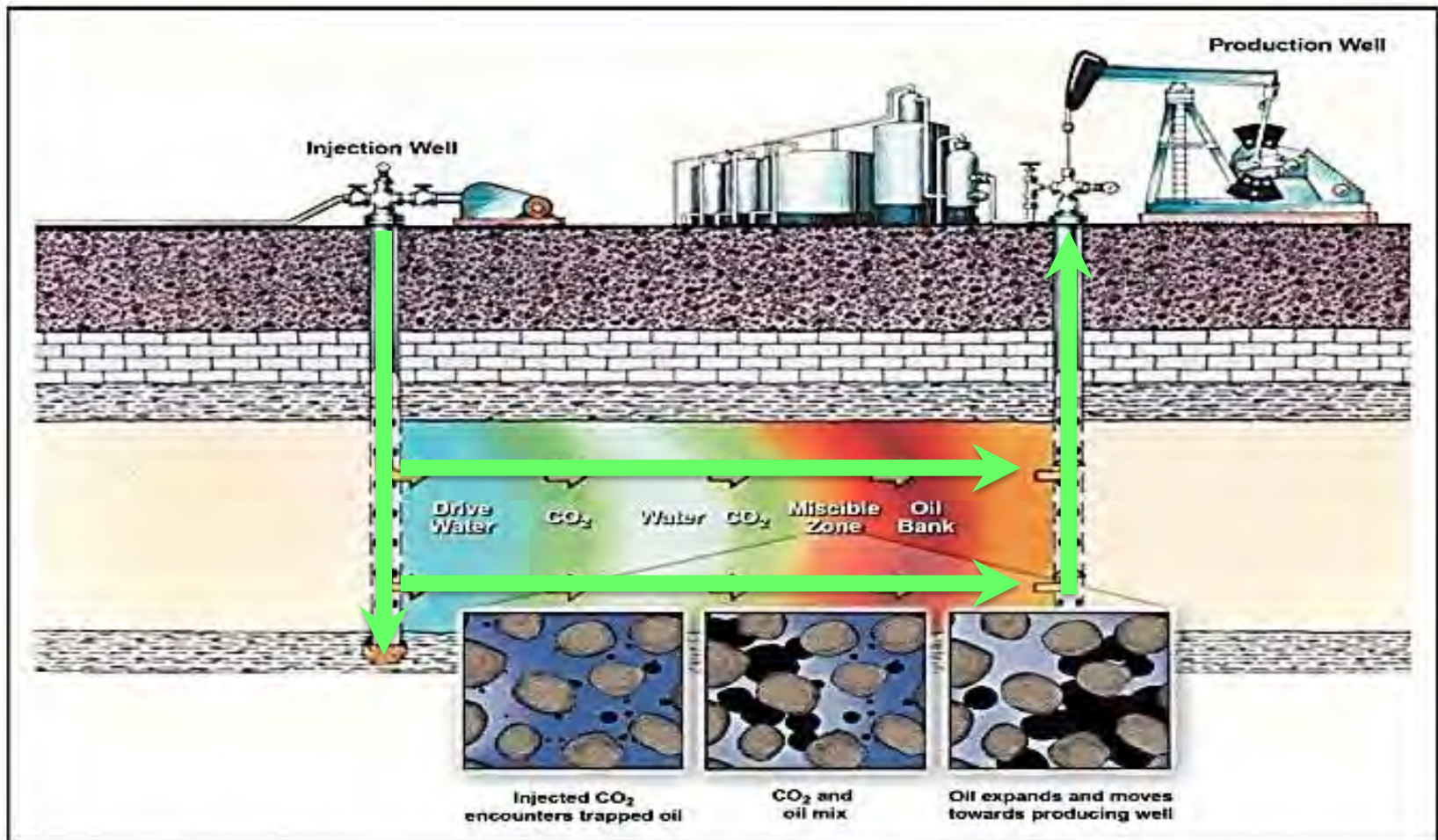
•Cement



Transformation of Carbon Dioxide, Sakakura, Choi, & Yasuda, 2007

Commercial Drivers- *Enhance Oil Recovery*

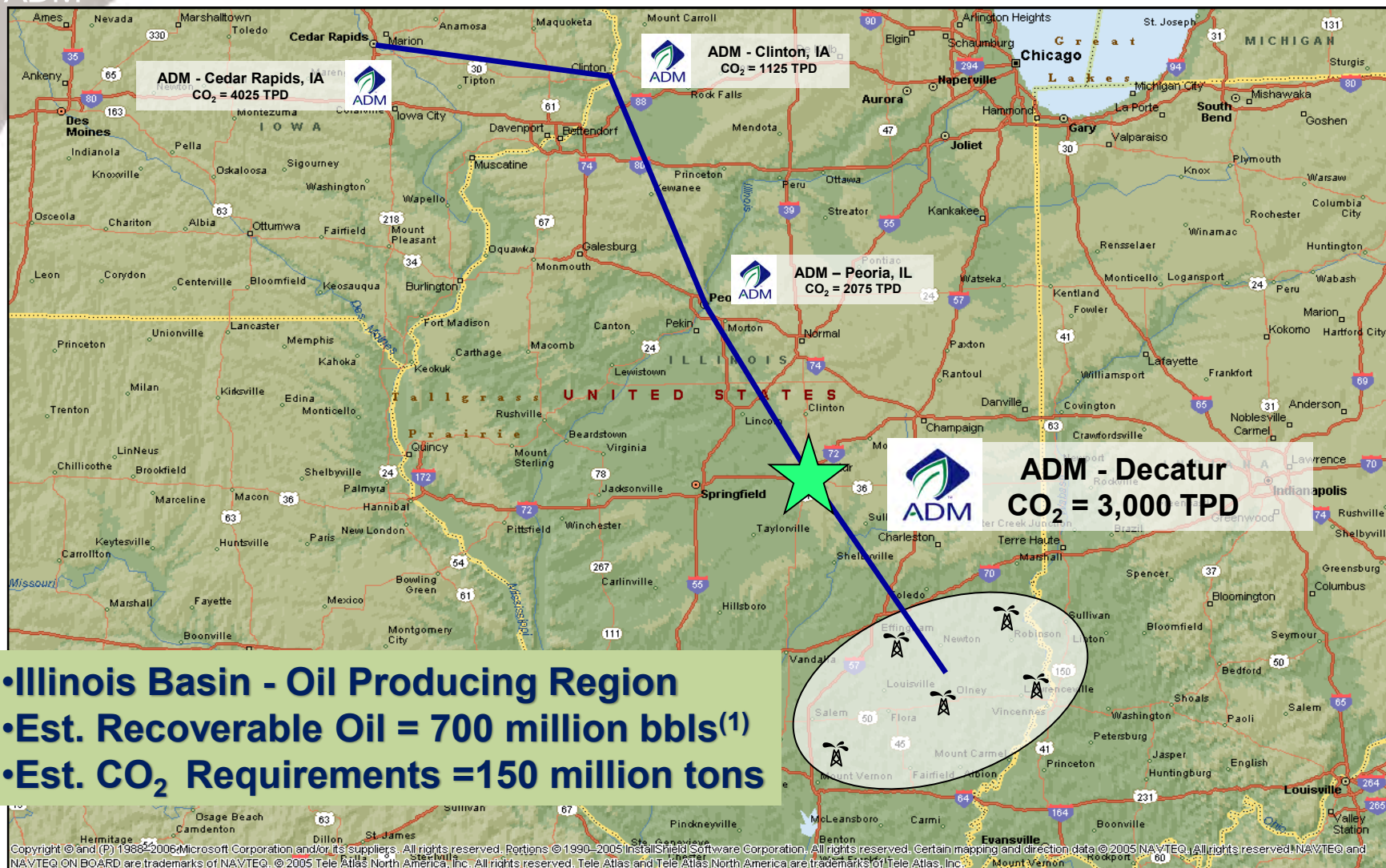
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NMBhX1lxajU>



Cross-section illustrating how carbon dioxide and water can be used to flush residual oil from a subsurface rock formation between wells



Future Commercial Potential



(1) BASIN ORIENTED STRATEGIES FOR CO2 ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY: ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN BASIN OF ILLINOIS, INDIANA, KENTUCKY AND MICHIGAN; Advanced Resources International, February 2006



Thank You!



Industrial Carbon Capture and Storage Project:

- U.S. Department of Energy Award No. DE-FE-0001547
- Administered by the DOE's Office of Fossil Energy
- Managed by the National Energy Technology Laboratory

Cost Share Agreements:

- Archer Daniels Midland Company
- University of Illinois through the Illinois State Geological Survey
- Schlumberger Carbon Services
- Richland Community College

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