



US SUPREME COURT

Justice Brett Kavanugh, sworn in 10.8.18



CAA - UTILITY MATS CASES

MATS Technical Corrections Rule ARIPPA v. EPA (DC Cir 16-1168)

MATS SU/SD Revisions Rule
Chesapeake Bay v. EPA (15-1015)

MATS Reconsideration Rule
ARIPPA v. EPA (DC Cir 15-1180)

MATS Supplemental Finding Murray Energy v. EPA (DC Cir 16-1127)



MACT/RTR RULES Issues Recently Decided in DC Circuit Court

- Startup/shutdown work practice standards ok (boilers)
- Surrogates need adequate explanation (multiple)
- UPL for variability
 - for limited datasets generally ok (brick)
 - for ad-hoc adjustments to limits NOT ok (brick)
- •Health-based emission limits for HCl NOT ok (brick)
- Alternate MACT floors for sources NOT ok (brick)

MACT/RTR RULES Issues Pending in DC Circuit Court

- Malfunctions / Affirmative Defense
 - SIPS, Title V, MACTs
- Startup/Shutdown work practice standards (utilities)
- "Appropriate and necessary" to regulate utilities
- Mandatory digital camera opacity technique (DCOT) for compliance, no Method 9 alternative (ferroalloys)





MACT/RTR RULES

Issues Pending in DC Circuit Court / EPA Reconsideration

Portland Cement RTR Downwinders at Risk v. EPA (in abeyance)

Final Rule

- No change in emissions standards
- Improved monitoring, compliance, implementation

ENV Issues (in comments)

- RTR must reflect technology improvement of SCR systems and HAP reductions achieved in practice
- RTR must reflect stricter State standards and their practices, process & control tech improvements

MACT/RTR RULES

Issues Pending in DC Circuit Court / EPA Reconsideration

Pulp Mill RTR Crossett Concerned Citizens v. EPA (DC Cir. 17-1257)

- Must EPA set emission standard for each emitted HAP dioxins, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, and nondioxin organic HAP, Hg
 - Where EPA considered but did not set MACT standard for a pollutant, may EPA set a standard in RTR rule, on the basis that EPA would not be recalculating a floor?
 - Can a finding of acceptable risk support not setting a MACT standard for a pollutant?
- Can PM be surrogate for gaseous Hg, where pm controls do not control Hg?
- Assessing health risk based on census block centroids v. "individual most exposed to emissions from source category" CAA § 112(f)(2)
- Court deadlines for issuing standards as rationale for not doing more data gathering, analysis

MACT/RTR RULES

Issues Pending in DC Circuit Court / EPA Reconsideration

Nutritional Yeast Manufacturing RTR

American Bakers Association v. EPA (DC Cir. 17-1264)(in abeyance)

Admin Recon Petition pending:

- monitoring method changed
- EPA concluded no resid risk and set RTR standards "equivalent" to MACT but are stricter, and no EPA equivalency analysis
- Data deviations = civil penalty violations
- EPA had too little time, no notice/comment on key analysis



CAA CASES

CAA RMP Rule ACC v. EPA (DC Cir 17-1085)

- Adds duplicative disclosure and other requirements to CAA RMPs
- Admin recon pending case in abeyance
- 90-day stay of effective date, CAA 307(d)(7)(B)
- Final delay of effective date to 2.19.19, CAA 307 and 112(r)

Delay of effective date *Air Alliance Houston v. EPA* (DC Cir 17-1155)

- Challenging Rule delaying effective date to 2.19.19
- Decision 8.17.18

CAA CASES

Regional Consistency Rule

- NEDACAP v. EPA (DC Cir. 16-1344)
- •IND challenged amended Regional Consistency Rule
- •IND challengers NEDACAP, API, Air Permitting Forum
- Decision 6.8.18



CWA – EGU EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES

Final ELG Rule - 80 FR 67838 (Nov. 3, 2015)

- Southwestern Electric v. EPA (5th Cir 15-60821)
 - Utility & ENV Petitioners & Respondent-Intervenors
 - Oral argument 10.3.18
- Severed Issues
 - new, more stringent Best Achievable Control Technology (BAT)
 - Pretreatment standards for existing sources (PSES) applicable to bottom ash transport water, FGD wastewater, gasification wastewater
 - rule at OMB

CWA – EGU EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES

Indefinite Stay Rule (9.18.17)

 stays compliance with some provisions of 2015 rule pending 5th Cir review of the substance of those provisions

Clean Water Action v. Wheeler (DC Cir 18-5149)

Motions to govern due November 19. 2018

Delay Rule (82 FR 43,494; 9.18.17)

- 2-year delay of BAT & PES deadlines, pending EPA reconsideration
- withdrew Indefinite Stay Rule

Clean Water Action v. EPA (5th Cir 18-60079)

briefing through November 2018



CWA – WATERS OF THE US

- EPA two-step proposal to repeal Clean Water Rule, reinstate pre-2015 scope of WOTUS
- NAM v. DOJ. USSCT held US District Courts have jurisdiction
- EPA delayed effective date of 2015 WOTUS Rule to 2020, without notice and comment
- ENVs, States challenged Delay Rule
- District Cts in GA, ND, SC enjoined EPA Delay Rule, pre-2015 scope of WOTUS in effect



COAL ASH / CWA NPDES 4th, 6th, 9th Circuit Courts

- Citizen suit claims under CWA: coal ash leachate traveling through groundwater to surface waters = point source discharge subject to NPDES permit
- •ISSUE: are groundwater releases "discharged from point sources into navigable waters" that must be covered by a NPDES permit?
- Circuit split
 - 4th & 9th Circuits: Yes, NPDES applies
 - 4th & 6th Circuits: No, NPDES does not apply

COAL ASH / CWA NPDES

4th, 6th, 9th Circuit Courts

CWA text

- CWA regulates amount of pollutants "discharged from point sources into navigable waters"
- Point source = "discernible, confined and discrete conveyance"
- The definition includes, but not limited to "any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft."

Plaintiff theories

- groundwater is point source that deposits pollutants in surface water
 hydrological connection (or conduit) theory: groundwater is medium through which pollutants pass; coal ash pond is the point source

COAL ASH / CWA NPDES 4th, 6th, 9th Circuit Courts

■EPA proposed rule (Feb 2018) seeking comment on whether covering groundwater releases under NPDES is consistent with the CWA or is better covered by other regulatory authorities.

2 Supreme Court petitions for certiorari pending

RCRA – 2008 DEFINITION OF SOLID WASTE

2008 Rule established transfer-based exclusion

- Transfer haz mat to 3d party recycler not solid waste, not discarded
- Can sell haz mat to recycler or pay recycler to take haz mat

ENVs sued

- EPA ENVs settled: EPA will redo the rule
- 2011 EPA proposed rule eliminated transfer-based exclusion Findings, RIA: exclusion lacked Subtitle C protections.

2015 Final rule: no transfer-based exclusion,

but new verified recycler exclusion –
 can pay recycler to take haz mat, not haz waste

ENVS sued

RCRA — 2015 DEFINITION OF SOLID WASTE API v. EPA (DC Cir. 09-1038)

2015 rule. ENVs and IND sued.

Decision 7.7.17, parts of rule IND challenged, vacated

Judges Tatel (dissent), Kavanaugh, Williams

Panel rehearing granted, Decision 3.6.18

- Factor 4 fully vacated, Factor 4 v.2008 reinstated
- Revised definition of "contained" remains and applies to generators & third-party recyclers
- Revised containment standard ok for spent catalysts to qualify for transferbased exclusion, Verified Recycler Exclusion vacated, not needed

RCRA - 2018 REVISED DEFINITION OF SOLID WASTE CCAT v. EPA (DC Cir. 18-1163)

Rule revised in response to DC Circuit vacatur

- **83** FR 24664 (5.30.18)
- transfer-based exclusion reinstated

ENVs sued

- Under transfer-based exclusion, can pay recycler to take hazardous material, material not solid waste, not discarded
- Briefing 8.20.18 through 1.14.19

RCRA — HAZ WASTE GENERATOR IMPROVEMENTS RULE ACC v. EPA (DC Cir. 17-1064)

- Final rule to make haz waste rules "user-friendly" 11.28.16
- Petitioners: ACC, AF&PA, AISI, API, American Wood Council, IPC-Assoc Connecting Electronics Industries, Motor & Equipment Mfters Assoc, NOPA, SOCMA
- Key IND issue: noncompliance with condition for exemption
 - = facility deemed to be operating as non-permitted TSDF
- In abeyance

CERCLA 108(B) FINANCIAL ASSURANCE *Idaho Conservation League v. EPA* (DC Cir 18-1141)

Final Rule: EPA will not issue FA regs for hardrock mining (2.21.18)

- NAM coalition
- Hardrock mining industry degree and duration of risk does not present a level of risk warranting imposing financial responsibility requirements
- ■ENV Petitioner brief Sep 2018
- Briefing to Jan 2019

