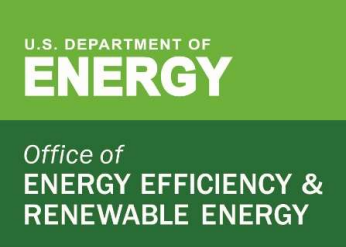


Advanced Manufacturing Office Technical Partnerships Programs

Anne Hampson
Manager, Technical Partnerships

March 9, 2021



EERE's Advanced Manufacturing Office (AMO)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Office of
**ENERGY EFFICIENCY &
RENEWABLE ENERGY**

Advanced
Manufacturing
Office

BUDGET

\$396M
FY21

**WHAT
WE
DO**

Partner with industry, academia, states, and National Laboratories to catalyze R&D and the adoption of advanced manufacturing technologies and practices

STAFF

~70

Feds, contractors, and fellows
GOLDEN, CO AND DOE HEADQUARTERS



R&D Projects
FY21 = \$218M

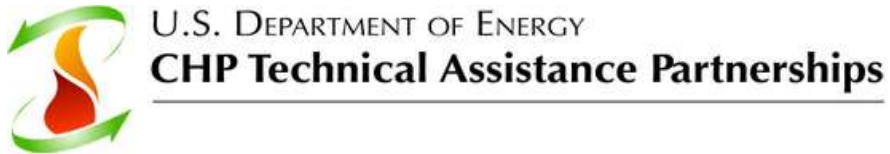


R&D Consortia
FY21 = \$133M



Technical Assistance
FY21 = \$45M

Technical Partnerships Highlight: Overview



- Five great programs
- Free technical assistance and workforce training
- Access to National Laboratory resources, software, and instrumentation
- Customized assistance for small- and medium-sized manufacturers
- Expertise in energy management (based on ISO 50001)
- CHP and Waste Heat Recovery
- Technology Validation
- National Recognition

DOE Priorities: Deploying the Clean Energy Revolution

BIDEN ADMINISTRATION CLIMATE GOALS

A carbon pollution-free power sector by 2035

Net-zero emissions by 2050



Make basic
science
breakthroughs



Turn that science
into deployable
technologies



Fund deployment
of clean energy
technologies

- **CREATE GOOD-PAYING JOBS**
associated with the fast-growing global market for products that reduce carbon emissions
- **COMMITMENT TO ENERGY JUSTICE**
and target disadvantaged communities for new clean energy investments, jobs, and businesses
- **ENCOURAGE ROBUST COLLABORATION**
across the federal government, the fifty states, and the private sector

Priorities to Strengthen U.S. Manufacturing

Industrial Decarbonization	Supply Chains for Energy Technologies and Manufacturing	Energy Storage
<p>Accelerate emerging and transformative technologies needed to approach net-zero GHG emissions in the industrial sector by 2050 through a multi-year robust portfolio of industrially-relevant applied RD&D and technical assistance activities.</p>	<p>Strengthen supply chains for critical materials for clean energy technology. Focus on balanced approach including diversifying supply, developing substitutes, driving reuse/recycle/more efficiency use.</p>	<p>Pursue and scale up innovative technologies to reduce manufacturing costs and address manufacturing barriers across the supply chain to reduce the cost and improve the performance of energy storage systems.</p>
Agile Manufacturing	Water	Education and Workforce Development
<p>Develop flexible manufacturing capabilities and dynamic supply networks to meet rapidly changing demands and address market needs, while reducing energy impact and costs.</p>	<p>Develop technologies that decarbonize water treatment processes and address key water and wastewater infrastructure issues.</p>	<p>Train the next generation of manufacturing workforce. Reskill workers in disadvantaged communities.</p>

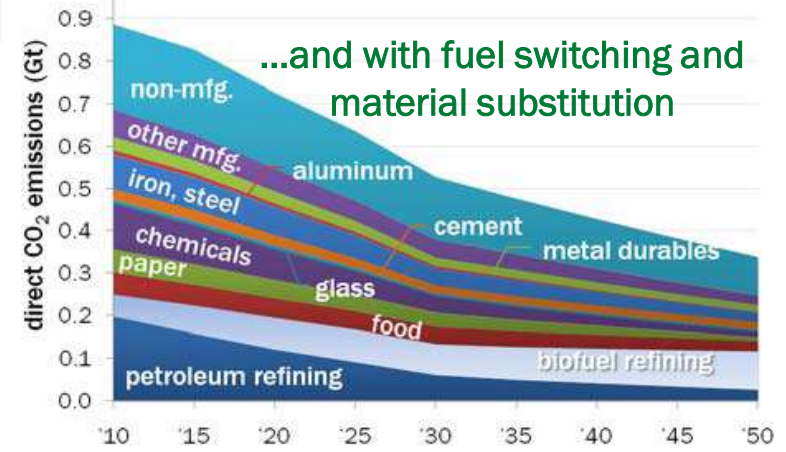
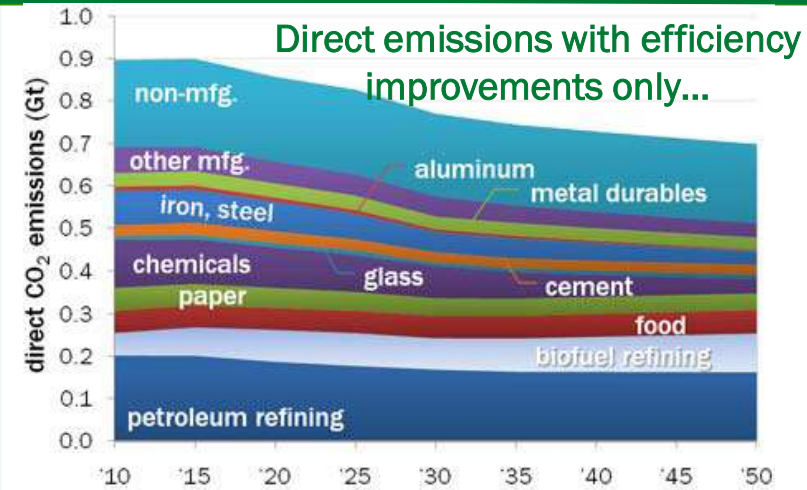
Spotlight: Industrial Decarbonization

- AMO was directed by Congress to “develop decarbonization roadmaps to guide R&D at the DOE...to phase out net GHG emissions by 2050” and to highlight opportunities to increase U.S. competitiveness in the industrial sector
- A multi-lab effort (National Renewable Energy Lab, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Argonne National Laboratory, Oak Ridge National Laboratory) in consultation with key stakeholders; external workshops held spring 2020
- Roadmap focuses on cement, iron & steel, food, chemicals, and petroleum refining, the top emitting manufacturing subsectors

FINDINGS

- Energy efficiency alone is insufficient to meet net-zero Greenhouse Gas emissions by 2050
- Crosscutting barriers can be address by Research Development & Demonstration (RD&D) and include:
 - industrial heterogeneity ♦ high costs
 - incumbent technology and practices ♦ scale up
- Identified RD&D needs and opportunities center on around three decarbonization pillars:

energy efficiency	electrification & low-carbon fuels	carbon capture, utilization, & storage
-------------------	------------------------------------	--

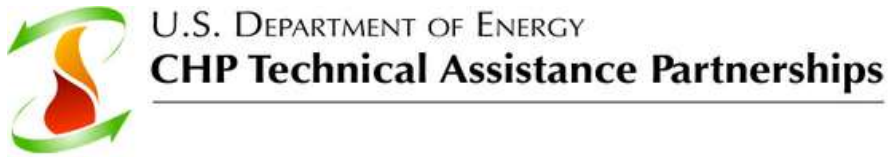


Example analysis based in part on bandwidth SOTA & PM potential, and EIA Annual Energy Outlook (AEO) forecast as baseline.

Technical Partnerships Response to Decarbonization Goals



Low Carbon Pilot
Increased outreach to energy-intensive industries



CHP fueled by RNG/Hydrogen

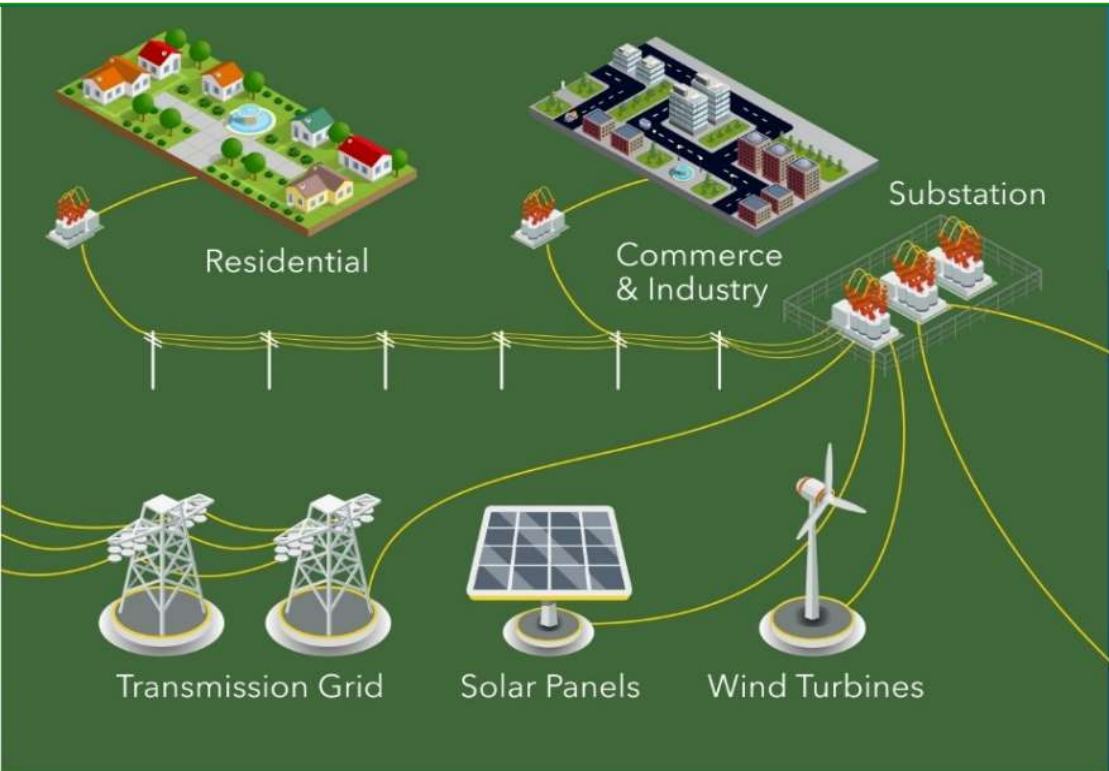


Recommendations for carbon reductions during IAC assessments



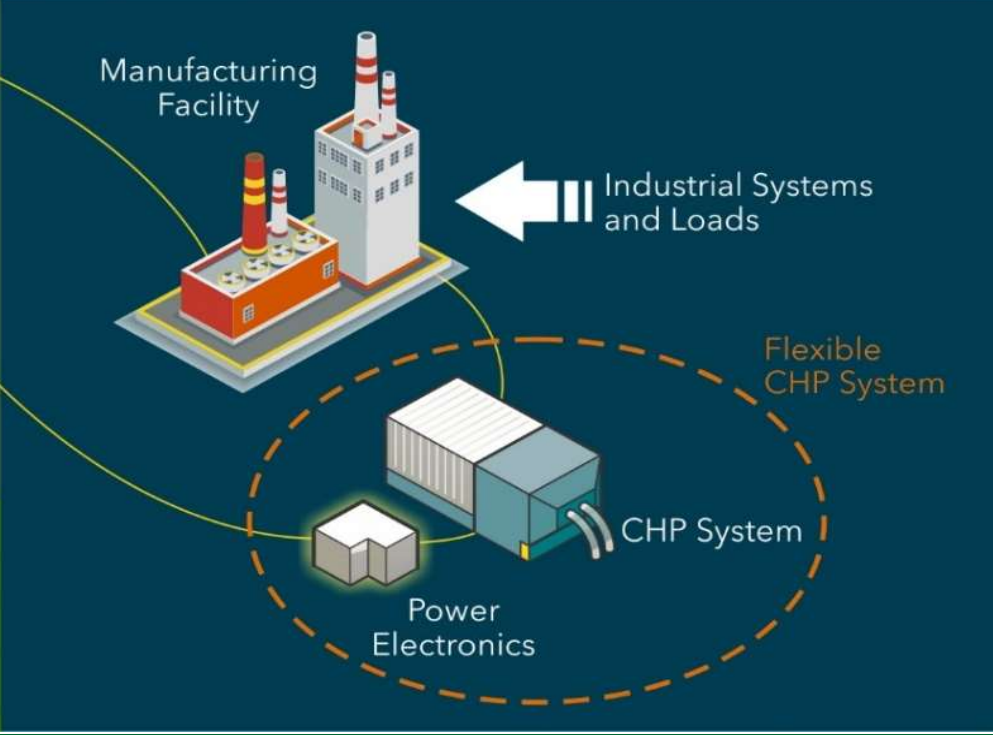
Carbon-enhanced 50001 Ready Navigator

Flexible Combined Heat and Power Systems



NEW CONCEPT

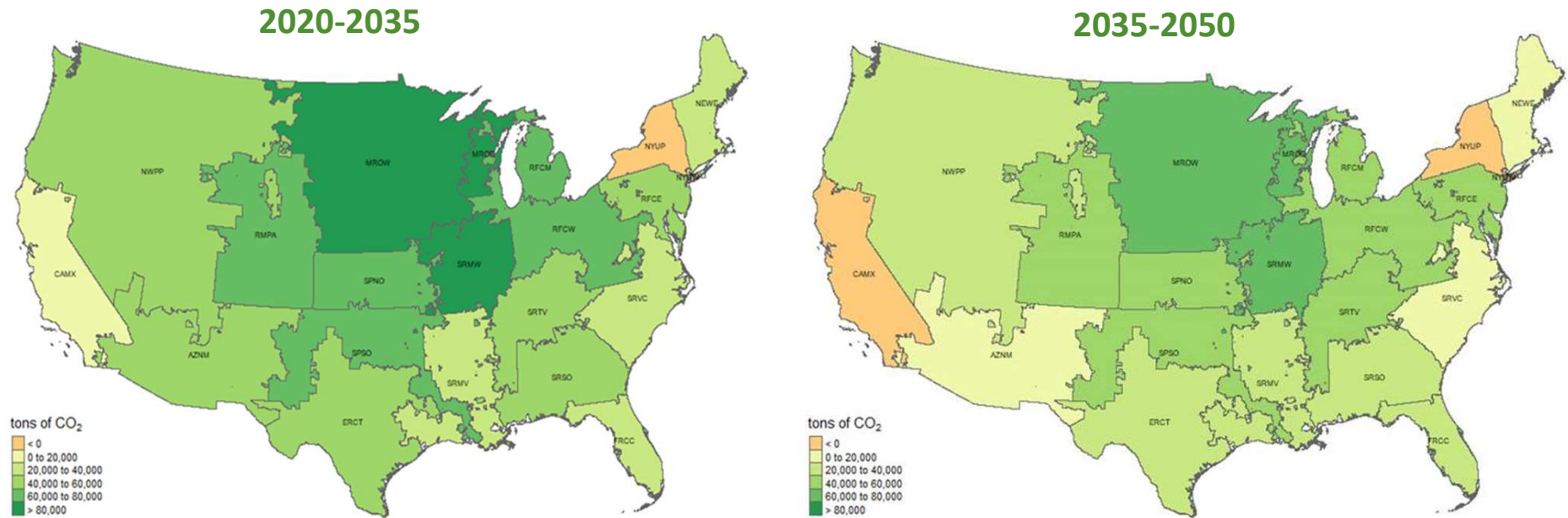
- Flexible CHP system provides electricity and thermal energy for plant processes and operations
- Flexible CHP system provides additional generating capacity when grid demand increases and/or renewable resources are not available. Flexible CHP also can provide other services, such as frequency regulation, to keep the grid stable



TODAY'S ELECTRIC GRID

- Power system serves residential, commercial, and industrial loads, and interconnects with a growing number of intermittent renewable energy resources

Lifetime Carbon Emission Reductions for CHP Systems



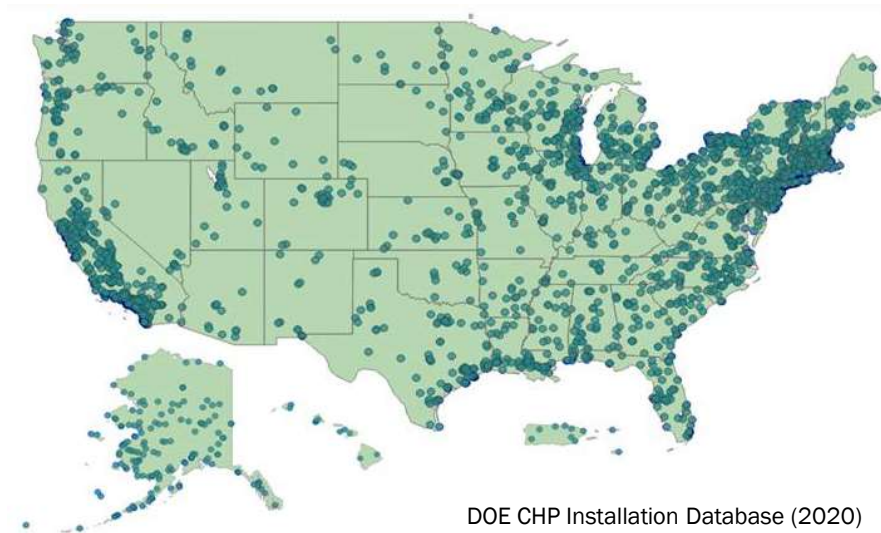
- Natural gas CHP will continue to reduce emissions in most U.S. locations through 2050
- Emission reduction potential depends on location and timing
- Conversion to renewable/hydrogen fuels will increase the emissions reduction potential

Source: "Combined Heat and Power Potential for Carbon Emission Reductions",
ICF for Energy Solution Center, July 2020

CHP and Long Term Decarbonization

- Renewable/hydrogen fueled CHP can **decarbonize thermal end-uses in industrial and commercial facilities that will be difficult to electrify**
- Renewable/hydrogen fueled CHP can **decarbonize critical facilities that need on-site power for resilience and operational reliability**
- Renewable/hydrogen fueled CHP offers an **alternative to expensive process and building conversions** to electric technologies
- CHP's high efficiency **can extend the supply of renewable and low carbon fuels**

CHP Installations in the U.S.



RNG Technologies and Feedstocks



- *Food Waste*
- *Animal manure*
- *Wastewater Treatment (WWTP)*
- *Landfill gas (LFG)*



- *Agricultural residue*
- *Forestry and forest product residue*
- *Energy crops*
- *Municipal solid waste (MSW)*



- *Green Hydrogen from renewable electricity*
- *Blue Hydrogen from natural gas with carbon capture*

Source: AGA Foundation, Renewable Sources of Natural Gas: Supply and Emissions Reduction Assessment, 2019

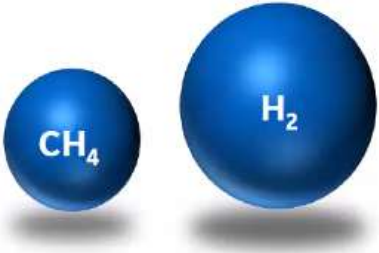
Use of Hydrogen (H2) as a Fuel will Require System Changes

Use of hydrogen as a gas turbine fuel requires system changes



Fuel System

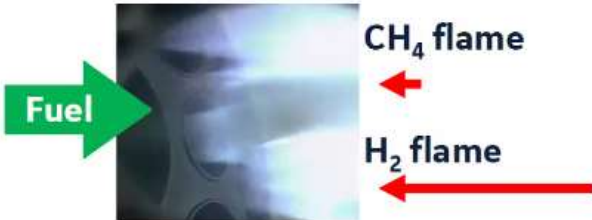
Methane (CH₄): 912 lb/ft³
Hydrogen (H₂): 275 lb/ft³



To deliver the same energy content, hydrogen requires 3X more volume flow

Combustion System

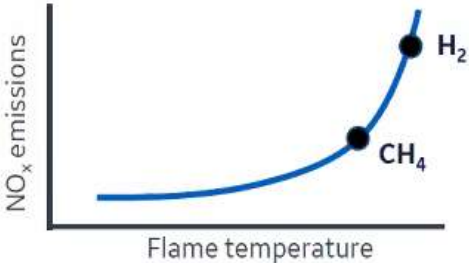
Methane (CH₄): ~30-40 cm/sec
Hydrogen (H₂): ~200-300 cm/sec



Hydrogen flames may increase risk of damage to combustion hardware

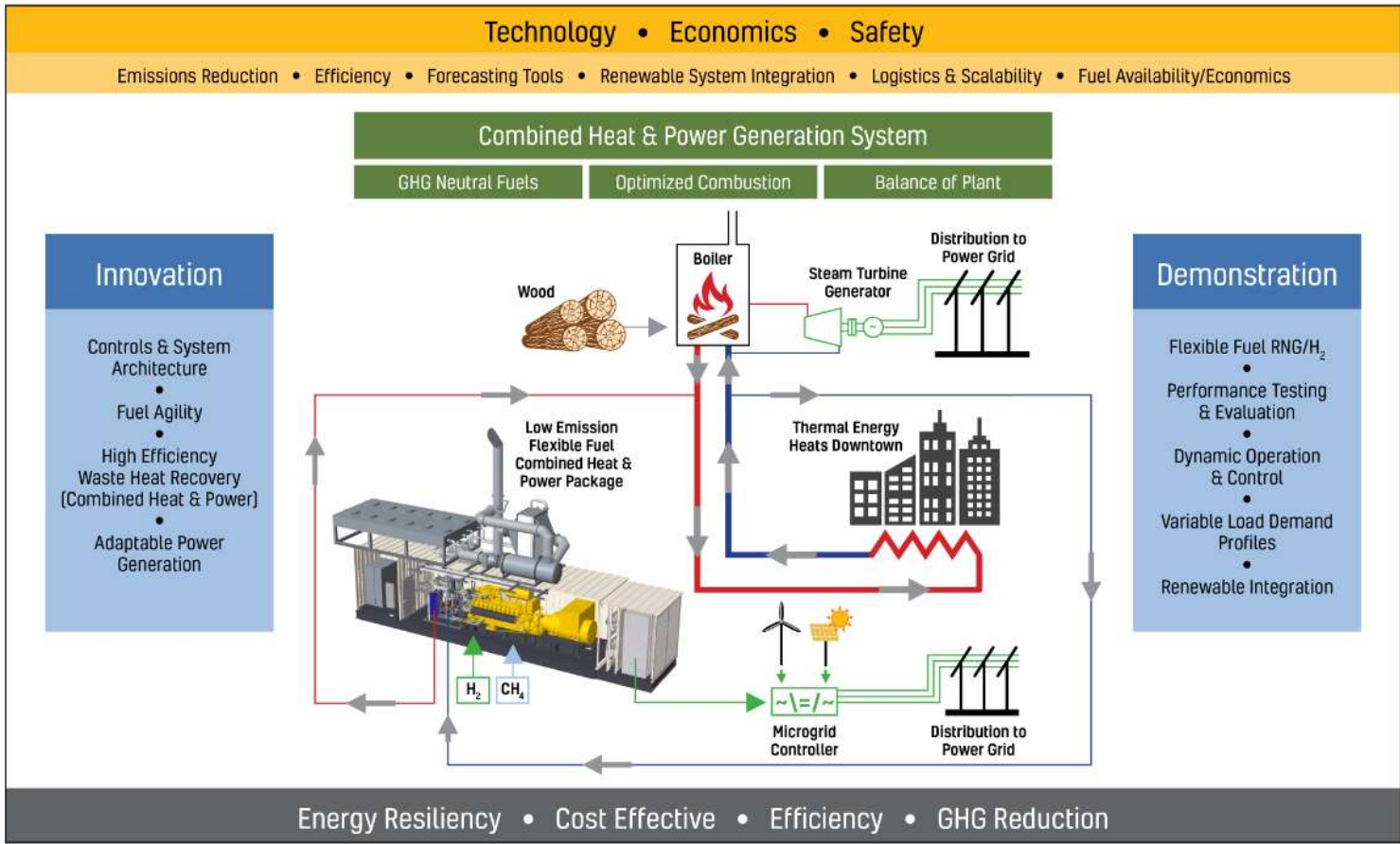
Emissions Aftertreatment

Methane (CH₄): ~3,565 °F
Hydrogen (H₂): ~4,000 °F



Operating on hydrogen may increase NO_x emissions

CHP R&D Example: Hydrogen Blending



Project Summary

Caterpillar Inc., the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, and District Energy St. Paul will demonstrate a **2MW flexible natural gas/hydrogen combined heat and power (CHP) system** at a municipal generating station.

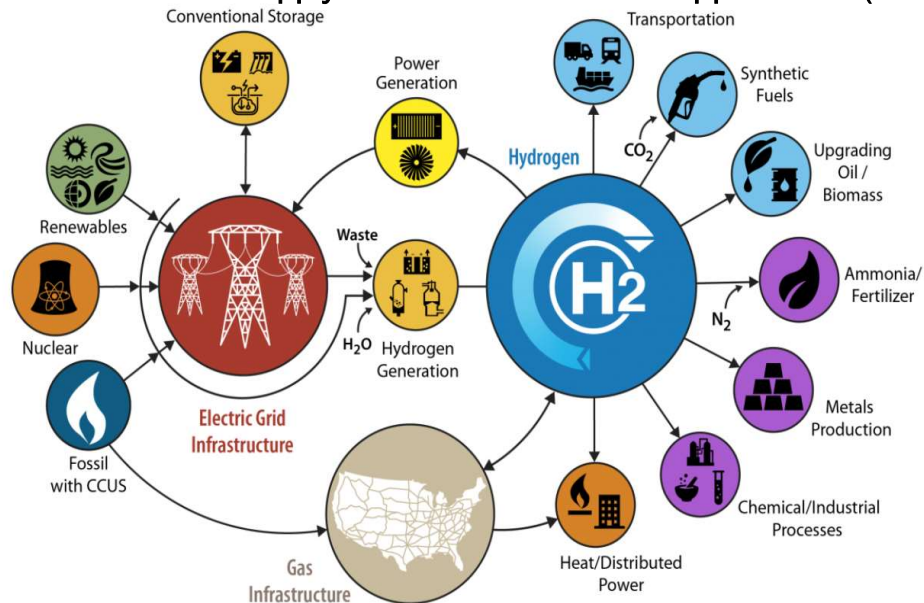
Technology Impact

This project will seed effort in adding natural gas/hydrogen flexible fuel CHP systems to the wide options space for stationary power applications.

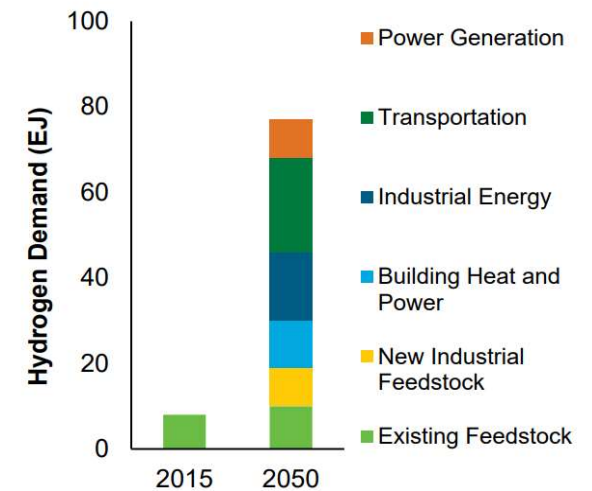
H2@Scale

- DOE initiative that brings together stakeholders to advance affordable hydrogen production, transport, storage, and utilization.
- Includes DOE funded projects and national laboratory-industry co-funded activities to accelerate the early-stage research, development, and demonstration of applicable hydrogen technologies.

Schematic of H2@Scale Supply Sources and Demand Applications (DOE 2020)



VALUE PROPOSITION²



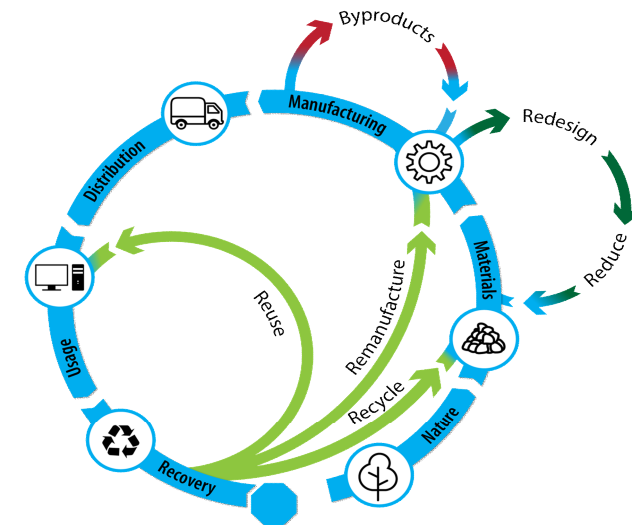
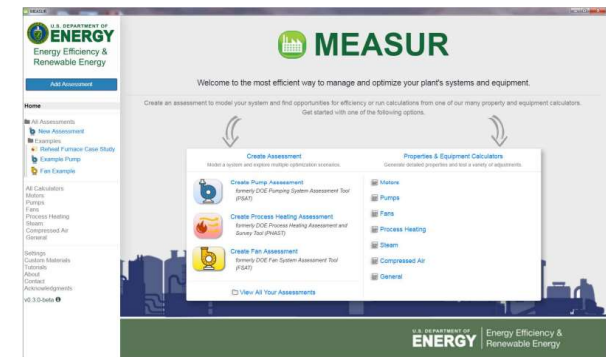
2. Source: "Hydrogen Scaling Up." Hydrogen Council. November 2017. <http://hydrogencouncil.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/Hydrogen-scaling-up-Hydrogen-Council.pdf>

Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies Office

- **July 2020 – DOE announced \$64 million of funding for 18 projects that will support the H2@Scale vision for affordable hydrogen production, storage, distribution, and use.**
 - Advance carbon fiber for compressed hydrogen and natural gas storage tanks
 - Electrolyzer manufacturing R&D
 - H2@SCALE new markets demonstrations
 - Training and workforce development for emerging hydrogen technologies
- **December 2020 – \$33 million in new funding to support innovative hydrogen and fuel cell research & development (R&D), infrastructure supply chain development and validation, and cost analysis activities.**

Technical Partnerships Looking Forward

- **Workforce Training**
 - Virtual versions of In Plant trainings
 - Fundamentals of Energy Management
- **Tools and Resources**
 - VERIFI – dashboard tool
 - MEASUR – system assessment tool – upgrade of SSAT
- **Low Carbon/Waste reduction Pilots**
 - Currently pilots, may become permanent
 - Focus on sharing best practices, defining low carbon pathways, circular economy, and waste/energy nexus
- **External Partnerships (potentially)**
 - Partnership structure for industrial associations
 - Provide “seat at the table” to inform AMO Tech Partnership programs



Thank you

Questions?

For More Information:

Anne Hampson

Anne.Hampson@ee.doe.gov

240-780-6132